BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1866. VOLUME XXXII----NUMBER 190.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

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2.00 for Three Months.

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

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WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

C. H. WHEELER. JOHN A. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 5 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for our paper.

S. S. NYLES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance. Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. B. FOSTER,
Commission Merchant,
AUCTIONEER,
And Commercial Broker,
Office—At the Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company's Office,
Will attend to the Sale of all descriptions of Merchandize and Real Estate by private or public sale.

Ballister & Batchelder,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.
NO. 27½ PEARL STREET,
Jos. F. Ballister, / M Treat Batchelder. / BOSTON.
nov7 6m

H. L. MITCHELL,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NO. 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE.
aug1 *BANGOR, MAINE.*

ROBERT TREAT & CO
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.
No. 50 Exchange St., Opposite Pen. Exchange
ROBERT TREAT.
JOHN STRANGE.
nb57 dt

HORATIO PITCHER,
COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,
DEALER IN
SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,
Harris's Wharf, - - Savannah, Ga.
jan31

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,
Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,
And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,
No. 200 Commercial Street,
T. W. PITCHER. / M. M. FULLER. / J. H. PLUMER. / BOSTON.
jan16'66

Bradbury & Sweat,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
DION BRADBURY. / L. D. M. SWEAT.
Office, - - - 117 Middle Street.
nov24—2m

J. W. SYKES,
PURCHASER FOR EASTERN ACCOUNT
—OF—
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, PROVISIONS, LARD BUTTER, and WESTERN PRODUCE generally.
Particular attention given to shipping by quickest and cheapest routes. *No. 182 South Water street,*
Chicago, Illinois.
P. O. Box 471.
REFERENCES—Messrs. S. G. Bowdlear & Co., Maynard & Sons, H. & W. Chickering, C. H. Cummings & Co., Charles H. Stone, Hallett, Davis & Co., Boston; J. N. Bacon, Esq., President Newton National Bank, Newton, Mass.; C. B. Coffin, Esq., New York City. may24'65 dly

A. L. CHICK,
Watchmaker,
—AT—
Charles Sweet's,
Corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts.
All kinds of Nice Watch Repairing done to order, and warranted. Work for the trade at a discount. nov18 3m

WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
DRY GOODS & WOOLENS,
MANUFACTURERS AND
JOBBERS OF CLOTHING,
Nos. 54 and 56 Middle St.,
PORTLAND.
GEO. W. WOODMAN. / SETH E. HERSEY. / CHARLES BAILEY. / WM. H. MORSE. / GEO. P. GROSS.
dec 11—3m

PENSIONS,
Bounties, & Arrears of Pay,
—PROCURED BY—
JAMES S. WILEY,
DULY AUTHORIZED CLAIM AGENT
DOVER, MAINE
Office over Sawyer's Store may5 d&wtf

CROCKERY,
China and Glass Ware.
We are now opening NEW IMPORTATIONS of
CROCKERY WARE,
In Every Variety, including New Patterns DINNER, TEA and TOILET WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
FANCY WARE,
PLAIN, ROUGHED, & ENAMELLED VASES,
FOR PAINTING, AND SELLING LOW AT
NO. 1 MAIN STREET,
dec 13 RICKER & IRELAND.

Norton & Doble
HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING
In all its branches at lowest rates. Also Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Edge Tools. Painting of all kinds done to order. nov17 tf

Dye Woods.
A HEAVY STOCK of DYE WOODS & STUFFS just received and for sale by
BLOOD & BOWN,
121 Exchange St.

BUSINESS CARDS.

NICKERSON & PAINE,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
OFFICE, - - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block
(*Up two flights of Stairs.*)
Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. tfsw

NORCROSS PERKINS & HERSEY,
Shipping, Forwarding
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
A. W. NORCROSS. F. N. PERKINS. M. F. HERSEY.
Particular attention paid to consignments of vessels and merchandise. Cotton and sugar purchased on orders.
Refer to—Hon. H. Hamlin, Collector of the Port; Hon. Geo. C. Richardson, Pres't Board of Trade; Messrs. Ewd D. Peters & Co., Pierce & Bacon, Boston;—Ballentine, Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Geo. E. Jewett, Esq., Bangor; Hon. Wm. McGilvery, Searsport; Hon. N. G. Hichborn, Stockton; Messrs. Wm. Pitcher & Son, Belfast; Cobb, Wight & Cone, Rockland. feb7 Stand&wsm

New Grocery Store!
Molesworth & Pattee,
No. 23 BROAD STREET
and No. 19 Pickering Square.
Will keep constantly on hand, for sale,
Flour, Meal, Pork, Lard, Teas,
COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES,
and a variety of articles usually found in a Grocery Store, which they will sell CHEAP for CASH. Call and see.
W. S. PATTEE. J. G. MOLESWORTH.
oct12

E. T. Wasgatt, Dentist,
OFFICE, 2½ Kenduskeag Bridge
Up the same flight of stairs as Sawyer's Photograph Rooms.

Bounty and Pensions.
I AM prepared to obtain BOUNTIES due to the friends of deceased soldiers, and PENSIONS, for those disabled in the service.
Charges moderate and attention prompt.
Office on Hammond Street, opposite City Hall.
WM. T. CROSBY, Attorney.
Bangor, Feb 20, 1864

United States Claim Agency
PERKINS & STEVENS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
ARMY & NAVY CLAIM AGENTS,
(*Authorized by U. S. Government,*)
No. 1 MAIN ST., BANGOR.
PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY, and PRIZE MONEY, and all claims against the Government, obtained for
Officers, Soldiers, Seamen,
AND THEIR HEIRS.
Claimants can apply by letter or in person. Information free of charge.
Special attention given to suspended or rejected claims.
Perkins & Stevens,
GOVERNMENT AGENCY,
NO. 1 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.
REFERENCES:
HON. H. HAMLIN, Vice President U. S.
HON. JOHN H. RICE, M. C.
HON. JOHN APPLETON, Chief Justice, S. J. C.
HON. JOHN E. GODDARD, Judge Prob.
December 20

REMOVAL.
J. H. Clergue, Hair Manufacturer,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY HIS friends and the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to
No. 119, Over Blood & Bowe's, Apothecaries,
And in connection with it has fitted a room especially for ladies, (entrance 115 Exchange street.) where he keeps on a large assortment of False Hair, Wigs, Half Wigs, Bands, Curls, Waterfalls, Rolls, Rats, Topsevs, Natural Shades. Hair matched of all colors: Hair Cut, Dyed and Shampooed. dec22

FURS!
FURS! FURS!!!
The Largest Stock,
AND LOWEST PRICES,
At HERSEY'S,
No. 20 Main Street.
jan 9

OATS---OATS!
FOR SALE BY
Car Loads,
or less quantities, by
J. C. TOWLE & CO.,
No. 2 BROAD STREET.

CLOAKS,
—AT—
COST AND LESS!
—AT—
Thompson & Hichborn's.
jan 1

BUTTER!
CHOICE
FAMILY BUTTER,
JUST RECEIVED
J. C. Towle & Co,
jan 2 NO. 2 BROAD STREET.

LARD, PORK,
AND
MOLASSES!
10 BBLS. LEAF LARD.
25 " CLEAR PORK.
30 HHDS. NUEVITAS MOLASSES.
For sale low by GEO. W. LADD & CO.,
jan 9 Broad Street.

NOTICE.
ALL SCRIP issued by the subscriber will hereafter be forwarded to him, at Frankfort Mills, for redemption, instead of Searsport Bank.
FRANKLIN TREAT.
Frankfort Mills, Jan. 24, 1866 3tsw&w

ROBES!
CLOSING OUT AT COST!
A LARGE LOT OF PRIME ROBES,
—consisting of—
Buffalo, Wolf, Coon, Kangaroo and Fox.
Also, an Extensive Assortment of
Sleigh and Carriage Shawls.
Call immediately or you lose them.
jan26—2wdkw (Times copy.) JONES BROTHERS.

NICE SPRUCE GUM, direct from the woods, at BRADBURY'S.
jan 16

Tamarinds! Tamarinds!
VERY NICE TAMARINDS, preserved in sugar at Wholesale and retail by
B. F. BRADBURY.
dec 28

ÆTNA
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

THE ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Grew out of the Old Ætna Fire Insurance Company, having been first organized as a Branch of that Company. The Life Fund was afterward separated from the Fire Fund, with the same Stockholders as before. In 1861 the Mutual was combined with the Stock plan; by this combination the insured secure *all* the benefits of a Mutual Co.) and the additional security which a safely invested capital affords. Since that time the ÆTNA has enjoyed unusual prosperity, and increased its business to an unprecedented extent. The energy and enterprise which have characterized its operations are best indicated by the following figures—

The Receipts for the Year 1863 were $201.454 67.
The Receipts for the Year 1864 were 694.827 53.
The Receipts for the Year 1865 were 1.683.039 57.

The number of Policies issued during the year 1865 was 8819.

THIS UNPARALLELED GROWTH or "attainment of breadth" of base is well regarded by competent authority as the true measure of success.

The ÆTNA pays a 50 percent. dividend on the premiums of ordinary Life Policies TWO YEARS from the first payment of premium. This is 6 per cent better than the 50 per cent. dividend paid by other Companies *four years* from the first payment of premium. The Ætna issues the usual

Life Plan and the Endowment Plan, also the
TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING POLICIES,
TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING ENDOWMENT POLICIES.

The Ætna stands ahead in new business and with the lowest expenses, which is the best guarantee to the insured.
All information cheerfully given and applications for policies taken by the subscribers.

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON, Agents,
February 1 Nos. 80 and 82 Exchange Street.

BANGOR HOUSE;
Main Street, Bangor, Maine,
O. M. SHAW, - - - - - - Proprietor.

The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the country. Oct. 13.

MARINE INSURANCE!
—AT—
HOME!
THE
Union Insurance Company

INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF MARINE LOSSES at its Office, corner of State and Exchange Streets, Bangor.

Capital, . . $100.000!

DIRECTORS.
SAMUEL F. HERSEY, President Veazie Bank.
Hon. SAMUEL F. HERSEY.
AMOS M. ROBERTS, President Eastern Bank.
W. H. SMITH, President Lumbermen's Bank, Oldtown.
WM. McGILVERY, President Searsport Bank.
HENRY E. PRENTISS, Esq., Dealer in Timber Lands.
GEO. STETSON, President First National Bank, Bangor.
FRANKLIN MUZZY, Firm of F. Muzzy & Co.
ABAD THOMPSON, Firm of Thompson & Hichborn.
Hon. A. D. MANSON.
FRANCIS M. SABINE, Merchant.
Hon. JOHN A. PETERS, Attorney General.
H. G. DUNN, Esq.
JOHN S. CHADWICK, Esq.
Hon. ISAIAH STETSON, Firm of Stetson & Co.
JAMES LITTLEFIELD, Esq., Com'n Merchant.
SAMUEL BRADFORD, Esq., Firm of Bradford, Hatton & Co.
NATHAN C. AYER, Firm of N. C. Ayer & Co.
THOS. J. STEWART, Esq., Com'n Merchant.
GEO. STETSON, Pres't.
J. S. CHADWICK, Sec'y.
January 25th—ts

Statement
OF THE BUSINESS OF THE
Merchants' Mutual Marine Insurance Company,

For the year ending Dec. 31, 1865, and Exhibit of the condition of the Company at that date.

Amount at risk Jan. 1, 1865,	$469,233	$34,216 21
Amount of risks taken during the year,	1,426,399	73,069 56
	2,893,632	107,285 77
Terminated and re-insured,	2,329,882	67,096 46
	565,650	40,189 31
Premiums earned after paying Re-insurance,		60,851 51
Policy account,		293 30
Interest account,		4,513 32
Am't to profit and Loss, Dec. 31, 1864,	21,505 14	
Less amt dividends, 1864,	15,230 12	6,275 02
Amount of Losses paid in 1865,	39,834 53	
Less do'llected, re-insurance, &c.,	6,776 86	
	33,058 23	
Expenses, including In. Rev. tax,	3,507 86	
Profit and Loss for 1865,	25,572 76	71,938 85
ASSETS		
Bills receivable,		58,980 12
Cash,		15,501 68
Bangor City Bonds,		7,000 00
State of Maine Bonds,		2,512 50
U. S. 5-20 Bonds,		9,386 87
U. S. 7-30 Bonds,		3,100 00
Stock in 2d National Bank, Bangor,		10,000 00
Stock in Kenduskeag Nat. Bk., Bangor,		10,000 00
Due the Co. on ac, for premiums,		9,402 80
Office Furniture,		1,000 00
		$136,883 87
LIABILITIES.		
Bills payable,		652 00
Scrip of the Company,		55,875 00
Losses adjusted—unpaid,		1,820 28
Estimated to pay losses known, but not adjusted,		12,960 00
Estimated cost to reinsure all risks,		22,500 00
Balance of assets over actual and estimated liabilities,		42,076 59
		$136,883 87

S. H. DALE, President.
jan16 J. B. FOSTER, Secretary.

AXES! AXES!
470 DOZEN of the most favorite brands, bought for Cash before the recent advance, which I will sell at the lowest manufacturers prices.
Also, a Full Stock of
Hardware, Saws, Iron, Steel, Window Glass
PAINTS, OILS, &c.
Also—100 TONS CUMBERLAND COAL.
Please give me a call before you buy.
At NOS. 139 and 141 EXCHANGE STREET.
nov6 M. SCHWARTZ.

Penobscot Log Driving Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the PENOBSCOT LOG DRIVING COMPANY for the choice of officers and transaction of business, will be holden at the Penobscot Exchange, in Bangor, on MONDAY the twelfth day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon. By order of the Directors.
ALBERT W. PAINE, Clerk.
Bangor, Jan. 8, 1866.—3tm

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

—OFFICE—
Corner of Hammond and Central Streets,
Bangor, Me.

Cash Assets,	$14.000.000
Income for Current Year, all Cash,	3,500.000
Paid Claims by Death, since formation of Company,	6.000.000
Receipts from Interest alone,	5.000.000

The Advantages Offered by the
Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK,
ARE AS FOLLOWS:

It has a Larger Amount of ASSETS than any other Company in this Country, amounting to

$14.000.000,

And are exclusively Cash!

DIVIDENDS ANNUALLY, and may be used as CASH in payment of PREMIUMS, or as an income when there is no Premium to pay.

Dividends declared upon a purely Mutual Plan, equitably dividing all the profits remaining after payment of expenses and the necessary reserve.

Rates of Premium are lower than in most Companies.

Premiums on Ten Year Policies cease at the expiration of ten years, making the Policy A PAID-UP POLICY, with Dividends still coming a source of income during its existence.

All Policies issued by this Company participate in the Annual Distributions.

Policies issued so as to be non-forfeitable except by reason of direct violation of the condition of the Policy.

The safest and best investment that you can make of a few dollars, is to place it in a LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.

READER, ARE YOU INSURED? If not, call upon the undersigned, and take a policy upon your life in the

Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK,

The Best and Safest Company in the U. S.

Why is it the Best and Safest?

Because it has double the Cash Assets of any Life Insurance Company, and will earn more than any Company in the country for the Policy Holders.

No man with a dependent family, is free from responsibility if his life is not insured.

See to it before it's too late. Secure an Insurance on your life in this Company, by so doing you have made a wise investment. You will have the satisfaction of knowing that (when you are called hence) those you have loved, cared and provided for while here, are beyond the reach of want through your prudence and wisdom.

Information given, blanks, statements and circulars furnished, on application either in person or by mail to

Charles P. Wiggin,
AGENT.

Note carefully the name of this Company.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, that it may not be confounded with others somewhat similar.
jan 17

Wanted,
5000 PIECES WHITE ASH TIMBER, for Hames, by the subscriber. Those having White Ash Timber, will do well to call.
WM. BUNKER.
Brewer Village, Jan. 17, 1865. dkw

TRIBUNE ALMANAC, received by
jan17 CHAS. HIGHT.

INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS.

THE ORIGINAL
Travelers Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital, - - $500,000.
Insures Against.
ACCIDENTS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
CAUSING LOSS OF LIFE OR BODILY INJURY.

THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY was organized, under a charter granted by the Connecticut Legislature of 1863, and amended by the Legislature of 1864, for the specific purpose of effecting INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS, of whatever kind or description, whether they occur in travelling by railroad, steamboat or stage-coach, walking in the street, at work in the shop, or sitting by the domestic fireside, whether riding, boating, hunting, fishing, shooting, swimming, cricketing, surveying, engineering, whether working or playing, sleeping or waking, in danger or out of (apparent) danger, at home or abroad—in every variety of circumstances in which mankind are ordinarily placed.

A General Accident Policy not only includes the risk in travelling, but also all forms of dislocations, broken bones, ruptured tendons, sprains, concussions, crushings, bruises, cuts, stabs, gunshot wounds, poisoned wounds, burns and scalds, bites of dogs, unprovoked assaults by burglars, robbers or murderers—the action of lightning or sun stroke, the effects of explosions, chemicals, floods and earthquakes, suffocation by drowning or choking.

This company has now been for more than a year in successful operation; has issued over fifteen thousand policies, and paid numerous claims for compensation, has a directory of high character, and is managed with the prudence and sagacity which distinguish Hartford insurance companies; has an ample capital and large surplus, and its soundness and stability may be relied upon.

General Accident Risks.

TEN DOLLARS PREMIUM
Under a *General Accident* policy, will secure $10 per week compensation while disabled, (not exceeding twenty-six weeks,) or $2,000 in the event of death by accident.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS PREMIUM
Will secure $25 per week or $5,000 in case of death

FIFTY DOLLARS PREMIUM
Will secure $50 per week compensation, or $10,000 in case of death.
Any other sum from $500 to $10,000, at proportionate rates.
Where compensation only is desired, or payment is to be made only in case of death, *the rates are much lower.*
The above are the "ordinary" or lowest rates "special" rates are $1 per thousand higher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

GUSTAVUS F. DAVIS. / W. H. D. CALLENDER.
JAS. L. HOWARD. / GEO. W. MOORE.
MARSHALL JEWELL. / EBENEZER ROBERTS.
THOS. BELKNAP, Jr. / CHARLES WHITE.
CORNELIUS E. GWINN. / HUGH HARRISON.
GEO. S. GILMAN. / JONATHAN B. BUNCE.
JAMES G. BATTERSON, President.
RODNEY DENNIS, Secretary.
HENRY A. DYER, General Agent.
H. C. MARSHALL, General Ticket Agent.
DR. S. B. BRESSFORD Surgeon.

B. Plummer & Sons,
Agents for Bangor and Vicinity.
Bangor, Aug. 21 1865.

FIRE INSURANCE!
INSURE IN THE
Union Insurance Company.
Capital, $100,000.
No Assessments.
OFFICE—Corner of State and Exchange Streets, BANGOR,
GEORGE STETSON, President.
J. S. CHADWICK, Sec'y.
Jan'y 25 tf

HAMPDEN ACADEMY.

THE SPRING TERM of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, Feb. 19, and continue eleven weeks, under the old Board of Instructors.
W. H. LAMBERT, A. B., Principal.
Miss HETTY BANGOR, Preceptress.
Miss LIZZIE CROSBY, Teacher of Drawing, Painting, &c.
MISS CLARA C. HILL, Teacher of Music.
H. M. PEASE, Teacher of Penmanship.
This is one of the oldest Institutions of learning in the State—having been incorporated in 1803—and has constantly enjoyed a most deserved popularity, which it is the effort of the present Instructors to sustain.
The Academy is pleasantly situated between the villages of Upper and Lower Hampden, on an elevated and healthful situation, sufficiently retired from the business parts of the villages to make it a very desirable place for study. The school rooms are commodious, and have of late been refitted in the most approved manner.
The villages of Hampden offer to Students resorting here, the various advantages of good society, several meetings of public worship, good boarding places, and very easy access from almost every quarter.
Boarding places can be secured, and further particulars had, on addressing the Principal.
Instruction will be eminently practical in such studies as Book-Keeping, Surveying, &c. The principles of the Natural Sciences will be suitably illustrated. Navigation, and the higher branches of Mathematics will be thoroughly taught; and those preparing to teach will receive especial attention.
Especial care will also be bestowed upon those pursuing the Ancient Languages preparatory to entering College, or otherwise.
Those studying the Modern Languages will have the benefit of a most thorough and accomplished Teacher in that department.
As the Academy is provided with a well-furnished Laboratory, those pursuing the subject of Chemistry will there receive a most important advantage.
A well-selected Library of about six hundred volumes, is open to the use of Students, and furnishes valuable means for reading and reference.

TUITION.

Common English,	$4.00
Higher English,	4.50
Languages,	5.00

It is very desirable that Pupils should commence with the opening of the Term—and no bill for Tuition will be made for less than half a Term, except in case of sickness. DANIEL CROSBY,
Sec'y of Trustees.
Hampden, Jan. 20th, 1866. dtf 19

Steam Bakery.

THE subscribers having added a Steam Engine to their machinery for Baking, and enlarged their shop, are prepared to furnish every description of White, Brown, and Graham
Bread, Crackers, Soda, Pilot and Hard Bread for the Woods, and Ship Bread.
PASTRY of all kinds, constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail.
Flour manufactured by the Barrel, Orders from the country promptly attended to.
S. Emery & Son,
No. 8 PICKERING SQUARE.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1865

DANIEL WHITE,
DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Fancy Goods,
Spectacles, Umbrellas,
Musical Instruments, Best Violin and Guitar Strings
CUTLERY, PIPES, &c.
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and all other Repairing done to order. Violin Bows Haired.
DANIEL WHITE,
jan 12 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Oats.
3000 BUSHELS just received and for sale by
F. P. PEARSON & SON,
nov16 No. 117 Exchange Street.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1845.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half square, one time,	75
For half square, three times,	1 00
For half square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES—$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements inserted *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.

Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

Later from South America—The War Between Brazil and Paraguay—Muster out of Colored Troops—Later from Texas—Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The Herald's Buenos Ayres correspondence dated Dec. 12th, says:

The work of concentrating the allied land and naval force had so far progressed, that on the 25th of January they would make a grand combined attack with 45,000 troops and 30 war steamers, on the Paraguayan stronghold of Humaita, on the Paraguay river. This is a place of immense strength, mounting over 100 heavy guns, and rendered difficult of approach by chains extended across the channel, and it is supposed by submerged torpedoes, and has a strong force to back it a Paraguayan army of 15,000 or 20,000, and a considerable fleet.

The march of the allies in pursuit of the retreating Paraguayans, across the province of Corrientes to the Paraguay river for 300 miles, through an almost uninhabited country is described as one of great misery and suffering, and hundreds of troops perished on the way, and many others deserted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

Five or six inches of snow fell during the night, and it was still snowing at 10 o'clock today.

Archey Hughes, the well known minstrel was shot by a Southern American refugee in Montreal on Wednesday night.

One million pounds of unserviceable and unserviceable gunpowder were sold at auction at the Brooklyn Navy Yard yesterday. The Dupont, Hazard and Laflin powder companies were the only purchasers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The race between the Winooski and Algonquin is now expected to commence tomorrow morning.

The colored men of Brooklyn, at a recent meeting held to token in favor of securing homesteads for the freedmen, appointed a committee to visit President Johnson and members of Congress in reference to the matter.

Senor Mackenna, in a communication to the Herald, explains the circumstances of his arrest, all the reported incidents of which are fictitious. He gave himself up as soon as the U. S. Marshal announced who he was, though quietly protesting against his arrest. He says his trial will not be that of an individual, but a trial of the present policy of the United States, and every day from the precincts of the country club, to the halls of the great Republic.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The Tribune's special Washington despatch says—

The following is a true copy of the recent note of Gen. Butler to Gen. Grant:

General Butler has the honor to decline the invitation of Lt. Gen. Grant. General Butler has now no desire for further acquaintance. Jan. 29.

The 1st and 2d regular U. S. colored cavalry lately doing duty at Brownsville and Brazos, Texas, have been ordered to City Point, Va., where on the 5th they will be paid off and mustered out. Inducements will be held out by the Freedmen's Bureau to have these returning veterans locate on government lands in Florida, securing homes at nominal prices.

A board of officers will assemble at Washington the 10th of March, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to examine thoroughly the following questions and make recommendations:

First—What form and calibre of breech-loading arms for the army should be adopted as a model for the future construction of muskets for infantry.

Second, What form and calibre should be adopted as a model for the construction of carbines for the cavalry.

Third, What form of breech-loading arm should be adopted as a model for changes of muskets already constructed to breech-loading muskets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

Horace Greeley has been elected President of the American Institute.

Nelson Stewart has been convicted of counterfeiting the national currency, and Henry Palmer, alias Dutch Harry, of having possession of counterfeit money.

PORTLAND, Feb. 9.

The steamship Hibernian, from New York, has arrived, and will sail for Liverpool tomorrow.

The steamship St. George sailed this morning for New York.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Feb. 2, via New Orleans, Feb. 8.

Gen. Wright arrived from Galveston on the 1st inst.

Col. Brown succeed Gen. Weitzel in command of the Rio Grand district.

Col. J. G. Perkins succeeds Gen. Smith in command of a division of the 25th corps.

The U. S. Marshal is busy arresting and disarming all parties in Brownsville and its neighborhood.

Col. Ford, Gen. Crawford's Adjutant, has been arrested for complicity in the Bagdad affair.

Capt. Sinclair, of the Liberal army, has also been arrested on a charge of violating the neutrality law.

Gen. Cortinas with his forces have left for parts unknown. It is said that before he left he received the appointment of General in Chief of the Liberal army.

Four pieces of artillery taken from Bagdad by the Liberals, and brought to Clarksville, were seized on the 1st inst. and held by the U. S. Collector of Customs.

A French man-of-war has arrived of the mouth of the Rio Grande.

Two thousand French troops are expected on the Rio Grands.

An aid-de-camp of Maximilian was at Matamoras on the 1st inst.

It is rumored that Gen. Canaliz was at Reynossa with the Liberal army, that Gen. Escobado, with another army is besieging Monterey, and shot Gen. Menders, with another, is besieging Tampico. None of these stories are believed here.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 8.

Arrived,—Steamer Cassandra, from Boston.

Sailed—Steamers Etna and Herman for Boston, and Matamoras for New York.

The steamer Marmion spoke the brig Valencia, on the 29th ult., bound for Boston, out of provisions, and supplied her.

Steamer Lizzie Tute, which was snagged and sunk near Grand Bayou, will probably be a total loss.

Cotton depressed.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 8.

Eight U. S. soldiers, convicted by a court martial held in this city, were to-day drummed out of the service, to serve their various terms of imprisonment, which range from five to seven years. They were marched through the streets with drums beating.—Four had their heads shaved.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.

The Virginia City Montano Pioneer of the 20th states that a large quantity of merchandise was seized by the revenue collectors for not having the inspectors mark upon it, to show that the duty had been paid. Merchants will suffer a severe loss.

Treasury notes are selling at 90 for gold dust. Currency drafts on New York are 3c premium.

Flour 23 a 30 per sack. Bacon 50 a 59½ per pound.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.

Mining shares active—Savage 916, Ophir 450, Imperial 114, Yellow Jacket 440, Hall & Norcross 1040, Potosi, 295; Crow Point 850

Legal tenders, 71½.

Honolulu advices of the 24th ult. state that great damage was done by a hurricane there.

The U. S. steamer Lancaster arrived at Honolulu Jan 19.

Lieut. Cushing, while ashore at Hilo, was thrown from his horse and had his collar broken.

Australian dates of Nov. 17th state that oil was struck near Hartley, New South Wales, yielding 140 gallons of crude or the same of refined oil per day. The company owning the property calculate when they get thoroughly to work, to refine 20,000 gallons of oil per week, and supply consumers at 43 cents per gallon.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The Commercial says—

The stock market retains its improved tone noted yesterday. There is little confidence, however, in any permanent improvement and shorts are freely put out. Governments quiet and firm. Old 5-20's are rather wrk in anticipation of the return of bonds from Europe. One year certificates are in demand and firm.

The Treasury has adopted the course of paying quartermaster's checks one half in cash, which will diminish the supply of certificates. The money market is less easy.—Gold weaker, apparently from the effects of offers of short options.

Foreign exchange dull. Leading drawers ask 107⅞ for 60 days sterling, but find it difficult to sell at over 107½.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The steamship Australasian has arrived up.

Liverpool, Jan. 27. Cotton irregular and generally lower—sales 6.000 bales.

London, Jan. 27. Consols closed at 87 for money. 5-20's 66 a 66⅝.

News unimportant.

The Paris Constitutionnel, in an article on the Mexican question with reference to Mr. Bigelow's despatches, says Drouyn de L'Huys could not give an explanation with regard to the internal administration of Mexico, for which the Mexican government is responsible.

It adds that the United States cannot call resistance by plundering adventurers war, after refusing the title of belligerents to the Confederates.

The Patrie says the official Yellow Book will not contain the despatches between France and America on the Mexican question as that question is still pending.

English politics continue blank, but the meeting of Parliament in a few days will cause some little animation in political circles.

The cattle plague continues to increase.—The latest weekly returns show for the first time over 10,000 cases.

The Fenian trials continue. The Dublin police had seized a number of swords and and bayonets in an Orange Lodge. Arms were also seized at Belfast.

A vessel in the Thames on the point of sailing for Peru was detained at the instance of the Spanish consul, who alleged that she designed to make war on Spanish commerce under the Chilian flag.

The Draft Budget for 1867, submitted to the French Chambers, shows a surplus of estimated revenue over expenditures.

The Bank of France during the week gained nearly 3,250,000 francs in bullion.

The Queen of Spain gave birth to a son on the 24th.

An official despatch says—

Prim with 600 cavalry had arrived at Bananicos, Portugal, and declared his readiness to deliver up the horses and accoutrements to the Spanish commissioner.

The Spanish Senate's address, in response to the Queen's speech, expresses regret at hostilities in Chili, but trusts the Government will cause the honor and dignity of Spain to be respected.

It is stated that France lately suggested to England a conference on the Schleswig Holstein question. England declined.

Liverpool, Jan. 26. Flour dull, and favors buyers.

Wheat in moderate demand, and at full prices—Winter Red Western, 10s 4d a 10s 7d; Chicago and Milwaukee 9s 10d a 10s 6d.

Indian corn in fair request at 29s a 29s 3d for mixed.

Liverpool, Jan. 26. Beef in steady demand at higher rates.

Pork quiet—New American, 87s 6d a 92s 6d. Bacon advanced 1s

Lard in better demand at 65s a 66s, on the spot, and 2s 6d additional for that to arrive.

Cheese firmer and wanted at extreme rates. Butter dull and lower.

Judge Kelley, in a recent speech in the House, read from an Alabama newspaper a statement that in one county in that State there were, in one week, five executions of negroes by the regular sentence of courts, for the crime of larceny—two of the executions being for stealing a horse. The newspaper in question justifies the hanging. It also contains the sentence of a negro to 99 years' imprisonment for stealing potatoes.

—There were in China, in 1865, 187 missionaries, including ladies. Of these 92 are American, 77 are English and 18 are German.

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SATURDAY, FEB. 10, 1866.

The present Emperor of France has a "faculty," sometimes amounting to genius, of saying and doing what he says or does, in the way to make the most of it. He can throw Europe into a cold sweat on a New Year's day by a few seriously spoken words, of which the menace is more implied than expressed; or he can with equal ease inspire a genial glow by some remark or announcement of kindly significance, which still does not commit him too far. His neighbors across the channel could not produce the same effect with anything short of a declaration of war in the one case, or an irretrievable committal of their policy in the other, —so clumsy are they in these arts of which he is the master. It is a part of the same peculiarity on both sides, that during our civil war, although France and England acted in critical matters upon a concerted policy, the former contrived generally to throw the odium of their neutrality upon the latter.

The Emperor's announcement with respect to Mexico, at the opening of the Legislative body, is an illustration of the above remarks. That declaration has caused the liveliest satisfaction in this country, and the ruler who made it is as much the object of friendship to-day as he was of distrust a day or two ago. That this is right we do not question. The announcement is no doubt of very great significance as to his present disposition and his intention in case nothing unfortunate happens. But in itself it is a sufficiently indefinite declaration after all. He is coming to an understanding with Maximilian, to fix a time for withdrawing the French troops without compromising the French interests which they have been defending. In itself this hardly goes beyond the terms of his convention with Maximilian, made in 1864, which provides that "the French troops "shall evacuate Mexico, in proportion as the "Emperor of Mexico shall be able to organ- "ize the troops necessary to replace them." And yet it is taken by half the people of the United States to mean much the same thing as an assurance that the French will decamp from Mexico before midsummer.

We do not say this to detract from the credit which should be given to the French Emperor for his announcement. We would not ungraciously criticise the terms of one of the most substantial favors which any European government has conferred upon our own for years. Indeed, the Emperor goes as far, in our judgment, as he well can, remembering the circumstances in which he is placed and the manner in which his honor as a sovereign is concerned in the business. We point out the extremely general terms of his declaration for the purpose rather of showing the care with which it is still necessary for our own country to proceed in this matter. The cautious and judicious policy with which the Secretary of State has managed the interests of our government in this delicate and perilous affair, has kept the way open for the French Emperor to resolve upon the plan of withdrawal without sacrifice of honor or the appearance of compulsion—the only conditions, we may add, on which that plan would ever have been resolved upon at all. There will be quite as much necessity hereafter, while the announcement just made is having its fulfillment by what may be a slow and tiresome process, that there should be as great care in abstaining from all steps which tend to complicate relations, or by compromising the voluntary character of the withdrawal to impede a movement which the Emperor assures us he is willing to make.—[Boston Adv.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. We extract from the Annual Report of the Railroad Commissioners of Maine the following remarks upon the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, for which road Capt. Wm. Flowers, No. 22 West Market Square, is Eastern Agent:—

Persons in the habit of travelling on the Grand Trunk Railway from year to year cannot have failed to notice the great improvement made on that road the past season when compared with the preceding years. We believe that the officers of this road have been sincere in their expressed desire to put their road in good condition, and have made great efforts to accomplish such results. In our annual examination of the road, it was found that about twenty-four miles of iron and forty thousand sleepers would be required on that portion of the road within the limits of this State. About one-half the amount of iron, and a large portion of the sleepers have been laid in the track during the last summer. Many of the track timbers over the cattle passes and culverts were found to be rotten, and have been replaced with new timber. A new and substantial bridge has been built on Royal River in North Yarmouth, and a heavy retaining wall at Pickett's Hill in Bethel. Several culverts have been rebuilt at different points on the line. Owing to the immense freight traffic on this line of road, the iron is subjected to unusual wear, requiring constant renewing, and great watchfulness and care on the part of those who are intrusted with the oversight of the track.

Mr. Murphy, the present efficient Superintendent of track, has proved himself abundantly competent to fulfil the duties of his position. Under his management the track has been greatly improved, and we doubt not that if he is retained in his present position, and the material furnished him for doing so, he will make the track of the Grand Trunk equal to that of any other railroad in the country. Gravel is needed on a considerable portion of the track, and as large beds of the material are found in convenient localities at different points on the line, we trust that the company will avail themselves of its benefits. A large amount of good substantial fence has been built the past summer, and the bushes cut down and removed from within the fence limits nearly the whole length of the line in this State. A new depot building has been erected at Bethel, in place of one destroyed by fire, and platforms rebuilt or repaired at the different stations. A new and commodious depot building has been erected at Danville Junction, and we hope that the coming summer a similar improvement will be made at Yarmouth Junction. The Grand Trunk Railway being the great line of communication between the extreme east and west, all classes of our citizens should feel a deep interest in its welfare and prosperity. Our State has already been largely benefited by its construction, and the beautiful city of Portland is rapidly increasing in wealth and commercial importance through the influence of the great traffic brought to her doors over this line of road, and we believe that a liberal and just policy in all our dealings with this great enterprise will secure results in the future far exceeding in value the experiences of the past.

The Providence Journal says that the English holders of confederate bonds are still trying to encourage themselves to believe that their claims are good against our government, or against the Southern States. They have found a committee foolish enough to undertake to prosecute the claim for five per cent. of all they obtain.

Mr. Chamberlain, the Solicitor, so we learn from the correspondence of the New York Times, expressed the hope that President Johnson would yet acknowledge the justice of the claims. The fellow must have the bump of hope largely developed. He also gives us the most comforting assurance that the bondholders do not propose to take any hostile steps towards us on account of the loan. So we can all draw a long breath again. Generous, forbearing bondholders! That same astute solicitor, with a kind regard for our credit, argues that we must pay the bonds, because otherwise all confidence in American securities would be destroyed. Well, we shall have to take that risk. Meanwhile, we would advise the bondholders not to enter into any heavy speculations, trusting to the money they will receive from us in payment of the bonds.

In Major General Saxton's report to Maj. General O. O. Howard, of his proceedings of the affairs of the Freedmen's Bureau in South Carolina and Georgia, a great many interesting facts are stated, and the result, as a whole is summed up in the following paragraphs:

In my administration of the affairs of this Bureau it has been my earnest endeavor first to carry out faithfully all my orders, and, in cases where discretionary power was given me, I have aimed to be just to a l, irrespective of color or condition, to try to break down all antagonisms, encourage friendly feelings between the freedmen and their former owners, by showing them that their interests were identical, and that each should be just to the other, and respect all the other's rights. Fully conscious of the importance of maintaining friendly relations with former masters, I have been scrupulously careful to be just to them, and not to exercise any authority not clearly set forth in my instructions. I have only asked simple justice for those committed defenceless to my care, contented oftentimes not even to secure this, carrying the olive branch where conviction would have declared for the sword of justice. I have not always been met in the same spirit. The hard lesson which the former slave holder has to be taught, to treat those he owned as freemen, and to deal justly with them, is not to be learned in a day. It is, however, being learned as rapidly perhaps as could be expected. In good time, they will see that exact justice is the wisest expediency and truest policy, and that free educated labor is the most profitable.

With regard to the future of the freedmen, their present condition, degraded and unfortunate as it now may seem, is more hopeful than at any period of their history. If we are just to them, time will solve the labor question, and all others relating to them, for the best interests of humanity.—The Government, through the Freedmen's Bureau, should be their teacher, guide, and protector for the present. Having made them free by its own acts, it is bound to stand by them until such time as the State governments shall grant them such civil and political rights as shall be necessary to their own safety and protection. I would therefore urge the importance of the continuation of this Bureau for the present, as it is now the only place where the freedman, who is injured in his person or property, can lay his complaint within any hope of redress.

RESOURCES OF MAINE. A correspondent of the Press has collated from the census reports some statistics relative to the agricultural resources of this State, worthy of mention. Maine in extent of territory is the 24th State in the Union, and in population the 22d. The quantity of improved lands in farms is 2,704,123 acres, and unimproved in farms 3,023,535, being nearly one-fifth part of the whole State; the cash value of which is set down at $78,488,225. The whole number of farms into which this is divided is 65,675, of which 25,838 are between 20 and 50 acres, and 19,611 between 50 and 100 acres, thus by small sub-divisions giving the fairest room for thorough cultivation. The average number of acres in the farms was 103; the increase in the number of them from 1850 was 8,938, with an increase in the number of acres improved of 664,537.

In live stock Maine has increased the valuation in 1860, being $15,437,533.

In sheep we stand next to Vermont, in New England, and the 16th in the Union, having 402,472; in working oxen we are the 12th State, having 79,792 Milch cows, 137,314 horses, 60,639 swine, and other cattle make up the large and valuable aggregate. In the quantity of wool produced we are the 12th State, furnishing of this valuable staple 1,495,060 pounds.

In the production of maple sugar, we stand as the 14th State, yielding of the sugar 306,742 pounds, and of maple syrup 32,679 gallons, being a very large gain over the product of 1850; in cheese we are the 9th States, producing 1,799,802 pounds, and in butter the 13th, contributing 11,687,781 lbs. In barley we are the 5th State, raising 802,109 bushels; in oats and buckwheat the 10th growing of the former, 2,988,936 bushels, of the latter 239,519 bushels; peas and beans 240,915 bushels; rye 123,287 bushels; wheat 233,876 bushels, and Indian corn, 1,546,071 bushels.

But our greatest agricultural staples are hay and potatoes; of the former the quantity produced was 975,803 tons, the States of Illinois, New York and Pennsylvania and Ohio, only exceeding us in that article there was an increase over 1850 of nearly 220,000 tons, and the value of which, estimating it at the moderate price of $10 per ton, amounts to the large sum of nearly ten millions of dollars. Of Irish potatoes the quantity was 9,474,617 bushels exceeding every State but New York and Pennsylvania, and yielding at the average price of fifty cents a bushel, $3,187,308. One thousand four hundred bushels of sweet potatoes were raised.

—Brigham Young has been made a forlorn widower twenty-eight times during his conjugal experience. He endures his many bereavements with the fortitude of a Dahomey chief. One hundred and eighty-five comforters are still spared to him.

A BANGOR LAWYER ON HIS TRAVELS. A distinguished lawyer of the "slab city," in travelling westward, found himself in this village yesterday, with a valise for a travelling companion. At the Planters' House he took the 'bus to go to the railroad, and was so intent upon watching his valise that he forgot to purchase his railroad ticket. Remembering that a ticket was necessary, he rushed from the omnibus into the ticket office, forgetting for the first time his valise. When he returned to look for his valise it was gone; some thief had carried it off, and he could hear nothing of it. Instead of employing a detective to hunt up his property, he rushed to the office of a notary and made affidavit of his loss, for the purpose of making the railroad company pay the damages. While he was scribbling out a list of his shirts and socks, officer Brownfield found the lost valise at a pawnbroker's, and hunting up the Bangorean handed it over to him. The valise and contents were valued by the owner at $122.45, currency. If this travelling disciple of Coke should go further west and lose his scalp, his first inquiry would be for a Pawnee notary to take his deposition and assess the damages.—[St. Louis Democrat.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston Transcript says that the Secretary of War has abandoned his idea of resigning his portfolio. After a review of the situation of political affairs he deems it a duty he owes to the nation he has done so much to save to continue at his post. With Mr. Stanton as Secretary of War and Gen. Grant at the head of the army, there need be no fear that the United States troops will be withdrawn from the South until pacification is an accomplished fact. The stern and resolute Secretary is as firm amid the political conflicts of the day as he was when surrounded by armed secessionists or imbecile military officers. He stands as immovable as a rock in mid ocean, not even shaken by the currents and counter-currents that break against him. He will not retire from the office until his entire work is finished. The archives of his department will be systematically arranged, and those hereafter examining them will find that they shed a flood of light upon the rebellion and its various phases.—[St. Louis Democrat.

We are not sure that Mr. Garrison would get a cordial welcome in Georgia, even yet. They don't seem to recognize the service he has done them, if we are to judge from the brilliant which we venture to extract from its setting in the Augusta Constitutionalist. It is concerning Mr. Garrison and the discontinuance of The Liberator, that we read as follows:

In spite of the most melancholy spectacle of the century, this hideous old demon grins and shouts, and praises God! Yes, his work is done, as far as this world is concerned for him, but blood will cry out, and wrongs be righted, and—Jehovah is just. Such men are the disunionists, and have been so throughout. Such men are the rebels, and ought to be suppressed. Biting that time, we are content to know that one foul organ has become extinct.

HER AGE. "Suppose I should play my age, as you advised me to!" said a lady to her husband at a roulette table at Baden.

"Yes, do," said the husband. "It's a certain thing; the woman who stakes her money on the number corresponding to her own age is sure to win the first time."

"Well, we shall see. I will risk two louis on my age."

Every one stretched forward to see on what number she laid the coins. It was 30. "The game is made," said the croupier.—The ball rolled and rolled and tumbled in and out and finally stopped at the number thirty-six.

"You see that my advice was good," exclaimed the husband. "If you had done as you proposed, you would have won seventy-two louis."

The lady was confused.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8

The Freedmen's Bureau bill was called up in the Senate this afternoon, and the judiciary committee made a report recommending concurrence in the amendments of the House except that restricting the operations of the Bureau to States within which the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus was suspended on the 1st of February. This amendment it was found, to general surprise, would remove Maryland, Delaware and Missouri from under the jurisdiction of the Bureau.

During the debate upon the subject Mr. Guthrie made a very violent speech, saying that the effect of this and other bills which the dominant party intended to pass would be to bring about a dissolution of the Union. Mr. Henderson said that he should support the bill, but the only way to give the freedman full protection would be to give him the ballot, and he was prepared to do that at once. The report of the committee was then agreed to, and the bill must now go back to the House for action on the clause exempting Maryland, Delaware and Missouri from the operations of the Bureau. It is believed that the House, seeing the full force of its amendment, will recede therefrom.—[Sp. to Boston Adv.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.

Much significance is attached to the intimations publicly thrown out by President Johnson yesterday that conservatives are now coming together, without any previous concert, but because they agree on the same great principles. The President will not ally himself with the Democrats, but it is evident that he hopes to rally a conservative Union party around him.—[Sp. to Boston Journal.

☞—Rev. Thomas G. Grassie, of Richmond, Me., formerly a Chaplain in the army, is expected to supply the pulpit at Hammond Street Church to-morrow.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE PENOBSCOT SHEEPKEEPER'S ASSOCIATION will meet at the Burrill School House, in Dedham, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of February, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

D. M. DUNHAM, Secty.

feb 6—6t 3taw

UNIVERSALIST LEVEE.

The young Ladies of the Universalist Society will hold a LEVEE at NOROMBEGA HALL, on

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB'Y 15th.

The Entertainments will consist of Music, Tableaux, Dancing, &c.

Clam Chowder, Hulled Corn, Ice Cream, Hot Coffee and other refreshments, will be served at reasonable rates.

In the course of the evening an elegant SILVER SERVICE will be awarded to the resident Minister of Bangor who receives the largest number of votes. Come one and all, secure this beautiful present for your Minister. It will be on exhibition at C. C. Williams' Jewelry Store, No. 27 Main St.

Admission Fee 25 cents—Voting 10 cents.

Tickets at the door.

feb 5—sn

Dr. Sanger,

Having returned to Bangor will resume the practice of

Medicine and Surgery.

Residence—Penobscot Exchange *Office*—No 90 Main street, nearly opposite W. L. Alden & Co.

oct12

Doct. MORISON

Has REMOVED to Patten Court, tenement formerly occupied by Moses Patten, Esq.

☞ Office on Hammond Street, opposite the Court House.

nov4

Alfred H. Bissell,

TEACHER OF THE

PIANO FORTE, MELODEON AND ORGAN,

Music Room over the store of Mr. CHAS. HALE

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WARREN'S COUGH BALSAM

Has been found by experience to be the

BEST REMEDY

For the various diseases of the Lungs and Throat such as

DIPHTHERIA,

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, CROUP INFLUENZA, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, OR INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS, AND WHOOPING COUGH.

In these complaints this medicine has NO SUPERIOR, and while thus efficacious it is perfectly safe to administer to persons of all ages.

The Cough Balsam possesses the two-fold advantage of being at once valuable as a curative and invaluable as a preventive of all the diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchia.

The world is challenged to produce a compound of equal efficacy and safety.

☞ Prepared and sold by AMBROSE WARREN, Boston Druggist, No. 1 Granite Block, East Market Square, Bangor, Me. dec 16 sn 16w D&W

TICKETS TO ALL POINTS WEST,

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Over all the First Class Roads, at the *LOWEST PRICES* for sale by

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Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

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June8'65

A DOUGH, OLD OR SORE THROAT

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

Will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cts. per box. nov2 6md&w

ARMY ITCH!

Dr. Duponci's Lotion.

☞ POSITIVELY ☜

An Infallible Cure for Itch!

In any form. Manufactured by

B. F. BRADBURY, Sole Proprietor, No. 8 Smith's Block.

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HAS MARKED DOWN HIS ENTIRE

CLOAK STOCK,

AND WILL SELL

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,

Thirty Dollar Cloaks for Twenty Dollars,

20 " do " 15 "

15 " do " 10 "

10 " do " 6 "

Sale Commencing Jan'y 9th.

LADIES, IMPROVE THIS OPPORTUNITY.

You can have a Garment

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

jan 8—sn

THROUGH TICKETS TO THE Oil Regions, Canada, OR THE WEST!

$6,00 Less than at any other Office,

VIA THE

Grand Trunk Railway!

Also, Tickets by all principal Routes through

BOSTON OR NEW YORK,

FROM BANGOR TO THE

WEST, NORTH, and SOUTH WEST.

☞ For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square, or the Maine Central Depot, and all principal Ticket Offices in Maine.

Wm. Flowers,

jan 18, 1866 *EASTERN AGENT.*

The Great Worm Remedy.

IT has been said by more than one eminent physician that more sickness among children is the result of Pin Worms than all other causes;—that worms imitate the symptoms of most other diseases, often producing fatal results without being suspected. From this cause of so much sickness, every family may have an effectual remedy, by procuring a bottle of

Dr. E. G. Gould's Pin Worm Syrup,

It will remove ordinary stomach worms oftener than any of the vermifuges in the market, and for Pin Worms it has no equal. It will relieve children or adults from all annoyance in twenty-four hours, and effect an entire cure when taken according to directions. It is a mild cathartic, and can be given to the youngest child with perfect safety. It improves the health by removing all impurities from the system.

At Wholesale, in Boston, by G. C. GOODWIN & CO.; in Bangor by N. S. HARLOW, W. L. ALDEN & CO., B. F. BRADBURY. At retail by druggists everywhere. sn3taw16w nov21

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All Kinds of Produce,

And solicit Consignments of Vessels.

——REFER TO——

GEORGE STETSON, Esq., President First National Bank, Bangor.

MESSRS. FOGG & BRIDGES, Bangor.

J. H. BEALL, Pres't 2d National Bank, Boston.

MESSRS. CHARLES SMITH & CO., Boston.

dec 1—sn 3m

Musical Notice.

The undersigned desires to inform the Musical Public of Bangor and vicinity, and those wishing to study the Piano Forte, that Miss Georgia Pearson has been studying the Literature and Theory of Music, under the "Celebrated Chevé System" for the last two months, and he recommends her as competent to teach it, as far as she has gone, with great advantage to her pupils.

JOSEPH BORRA.

Bangor, Aug. 28, 1865. 3m

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin.—For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers

Sold by N. S. HARLOW, Bangor

jan30 sn d&w1y

Lumbermen's State Convention.

AT a meeting of the Lumbermen of Bangor, holden on the 2d instant, the undersigned were instructed to invite the lumbermen of Maine to meet in Convention, at the City Hall in Bangor, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of February instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon—

To take into consideration the attempt which is now being made by the agents of the British Provinces, at Washington, to procure the renewal, in some form, of the so-called Reciprocity Treaty, and to take measures, in the event of such renewal, to procure a specific duty upon every kind of lumber imported into the United States from the Provinces, which shall afford the same protection to the manufacture of lumber which is afforded by the existing tariff to other kinds of manufactures, it being understood that a duty is talked of not one-fourth of what justice requires, and which would leave our business exposed to certain ruin.

S. P. STRICKLAND, President.

E. PRENTISS, Secretary.

Bangor, Feb. 2, 1866

Great Reduction of Fares!

TO THE

Oil Regions of Canada!

$25 00 to London and Return,

From Portland, Yarmouth, and Danville Junctions, or

$35 00 From Bangor to London AND RETURN.

London is the Terminus of a branch of the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

It is a city of 16,000 inhabitants; has good Hotels; is 41 miles East from Bothwell; the fare from London to Bothwell is about $1 25.

☞ TICKETS can be procured only at the Maine Central and E. & R. Rail Road Depots, and at the Company's Office

NO. 22 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

WM. FLOWERS, *EASTERN AGENT.*

Jan'y 24 1866.—sn

Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co.

Change of Agency.

I have been appointed Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co. of Newark, N. J.

☞ Premiums for renewal of Policies will be paid to me.

☞ I would invite all who desire to effect Insurance on their Lives to make application to me for a Policy in this Company. I am satisfied that this Company offers advantages to those insured equal, *at least*, to any Life Insurance Company in the country.

J. B. Foster,

March 15 1f Office at the M. M. M. Ins. Co's.

MUSICAL.

Mr. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Crommett's Music Store, or at the Bangor House. Pupils in either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the best and most approved method.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. B. F. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass.

nov3 tf

SMOLANDER'S EXTRACT BUCKU

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of Diseases of the *Stomach* and *Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsies, Chronic Gonorrhœa*, and *Cutaneous Diseases*. For those suffering from the effects of *excesses of any kind* it is perfectly *invaluable*. For *Female Complaints* it is a *priceless remedy*. It never fails to effect a *cure*. It is the *BEST* and *CHEAPEST* preparation of Bucku offered to the public.

☞ Price, One Dollar per bottle.

For sale by W. L. ALDEN & CO and N. S. HARLOW

Agent for Maine, W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, General Agents.

nov17 d&w3m°

Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.

☞ Chloasma, or Mothpatch, (also Liverspot,) and Lentigo, or Freckles, are often very annoying, particularly to ladies of delicate complexion, for the discolored spots show more plainly on the face of a blonde than a brunette; but they greatly mar the beauty of either; and any preparation, that will effectually remove them *without injuring the texture or color of the skin* is certainly a desideratum. Dr. B. C. Perry, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered a remedy for these discolorations, which is at once prompt, infallible and harmless.

Prepared only by B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond Street, New York, and for sale by all druggists; in Bangor, by Warren L. Alden. Wholesale Agent: price $2,00 per bottle. Call for PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.

nov6 M&w D&W—1m

OTITINE.

This excellent Remedy is an infallible cure for

Deafness, Discharges from the Ear, and NOISES IN THE HEAD.

This wonderful VEGETABLE EXTRACT, has been the means of restoring thousands to their hearing; who, after trying everything and everybody had given up hoping ever to hear again.

It operates like a charm upon offensive discharges from the EAR, no matter what may have caused it, or how long the disease has been standing.

Noises in the Head disappear under its influence as if by magic. Price $2 a bottle. For sale by all druggists. At wholesale by G. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover Street Boston.

feb 2 sn eod 1y

CLOCK'S Excelsior Hair Restorer.

CLOCK'S EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER

Is warranted to

Restore Hair if ever so Grey,

Restore Hair if ever so Grey,

To its

Color of Earlier Days,

Color of Earlier Days.

Keeps the

Hair from Falling Off,

Hair from Falling Off.

Will surely

Cure all Humors of the Scalp,

Cure all Humors of the Scalp.

And makes the

Hair grow on Bald Heads,

Hair grow on Bald Heads

WHEN FALLING OFF FROM DISEASE.

It is splendidly perfumed, and every thing for a Dressing that can be desired. It is the only known restorer of color, and perfect hair-dressing combined. Requires no washing or preparation before using. If, after a fair trial, this does not prove the best Hair Restorative before the public, the money will be refunded.

Sold by all druggists at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

Dr. FRANK B. CLOCK, Proprietor.

Manchester, N. H.

B. F. BRADBURY, Wholesale and Retail Agent, Bangor.

3taw1&w6m feb7—6t

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

☞ Ask for *Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer*, and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO.,

Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

☞ For sale by all druggists.

aug25 Bmd&w

Horse Radish!

Horse Radish!

PURE GRATED HORSE RADISH in any quantity, at LOWIS MARKET. feb 7—1w

New Bangor Pork,

NEW BANGOR HAMS,

NEW BANGOR LARD,

BEEF TONGUES,

SOUSED TRIPE,

SOUSED PIGS' FEET,

BOLOGNA SAUSAGES,

In any quantity and very low, at LOW'S MARKET.

feb 7—1w

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 26—sn d&w1y

S. L. MERRILL,

DEALER IN

Fancy Goods & Toys,

POCKET CUTLERY,

Port Monnaies, Toilet Goods, &c., &c.,

No. 4 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

feb 10

Information Wanted.

ANY PERSON who can give information of the residence of the late Col. S. D. CARPENTER, U. S. A. on the 17th day of October, 1848, is requested to communicate with the undersigned at once.

F. A. WILSON,

Atty. for the Heirs of S. D. Carpenter.

Bangor, 10th Feb'y, 1866.

The Best Wringer Yet Out!

Warranted, with Cog Wheels.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

TAKE THEM ON TRIAL;

ANY if satisfied keep them—if not, return them to the agents,

Fogg & Bridges,

feb 10 W. M. Square.

International Hotel,

PORTLAND,

OPPOSITE CITY BUILDING.

THIS EXCELLENTLY LOCATED HOTEL HAS BEEN

Thoroughly Refitted and Furnished,

in the most elegant style, and

IS NOW OPENED TO THE PUBLIC.

BY

S. B. BREWSTER,

FORMERLY OF THE SKOWHEGAN HOUSE.

Mr. B. would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

feb 10—3m

$10 REWARD!

WILL be paid for the return to the Bangor House of a WOLF ROBE which was lost between the Cottage House and Murray's Saloon, on Wednesday evening last. Said Robe was marked SHAW & McLAUGHLIN. feb 9—3t*

NEW CROP Molasses!

MUSCOVADO and CLAYED CARDENAS MOLASSES, a new and nice article. Small cargo just receiving, and for sale low by

SAMUEL H. DALE.

feb 9—1m

PUBLIC EXAMINATION OF SCHOOLS.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

TUESDAY, February 13th—*Forenoon*. Miss Pierce, Division street; Miss Taylor, Bower street; Miss Mitchell, Salem Corner. *Afternoon*. Miss McMonagle, York street; Miss Littlefield, Union Square; Miss Benson, Front-st.; Miss Hall, Thomas's Hill.

WEDNESDAY, February 14th—*Forenoon*. Miss Trecartten, Pearl street; Miss Lander, Centre street; Miss Cates, Grove street; Miss Downe, Larkin-st. *Afternoon*. Miss Lawrence, York street.

THURSDAY, Feb'y 15th—*Forenoon*. Miss Thayer, York street; Mrs. Robinson, Pine street; Miss Dunbar, Union street; Miss Blaisdell, Hancock-st. *Afternoon*. Miss Chase, Spring street; Miss Lord, Third street.

INTERMEDIATE AND MIXED.

WEDNESDAY, Feb'y 14th—*Afternoon*. Miss Lime street; Miss Glass, West Bangor.

THURSDAY, February 15th—*Afternoon*. Miss Smith, State street; Miss Jackson, Bower street.

FRIDAY, February 16th—*Forenoon*. Miss Baker, Hancock street; Miss Morse, Centre street; Mrs. Costellow, Pond street; Miss Hallowell, Pine street. *Afternoon*. Miss Wingate, Pearl street; Miss Lymburner, Larkin street.

SATURDAY, February 17th—*Forenoon*. Miss Hodgkins, Union street; Miss Swett, Third street; Miss Lander, Grove street; Miss Wheeler, City Farm.

GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

TUESDAY, February 27th—*Forenoon*. Miss Costellow, Abbot Square; Miss Cochran, Union Square. *Afternoon*. Miss Burr, Abbot Square; Miss Gilman, Pond street.

WEDNESDAY, Feb'y 28th—*Forenoon*. Mr. Stuart, Prospect street.

SELECT SCHOOLS.

WEDNESDAY, February 28th—*Forenoon*. Miss Hersey, Abbot Square.

THURSDAY, March 1st—*Forenoon and Afternoon*. Mr. Pease, Prospect street; Mr. Littlefield, Abbot Square.

HIGH SCHOOL.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, March 2d and 3d, *Forenoon and Afternoon*. Mr. Peterson, Abbot Square.

The Primary and Intermediate Schools will close on Saturday, Feb 17th; and the higher grades on Saturday, March 3d

Per order of the S. S. Committee,

C. P. ROBERTS, Sup't.

Farm for Sale.

A GOOD FARM of about 115 acres in Winterport Village, 2½ miles from the Hotel, and on the main road to Bangor, about 75 acres covered with a good growth of hard and soft wood, and estimated to average thirty cords to the acre; and some of land divided into tillage, pasturage and mowage, and cut last year about 20 tons hay, and can be made to cut fifty tons at little expense; has a young orchard of sound trees in bearing, and garden well stocked with varieties of fruit and shrubbery.—Buildings in good order. Free privilege to ship wood on a good wharf ½ a mile from the wood land. The above will be sold at a bargain, or exchanged for good vessel property. For further particulars enquire of the present occupant. P. W. REED.

feb 3—6t*

LOST.

TUESDAY MORNING, on First, Columbia, Franklin, or Harlow St., a bunch of four or five KEYS. The finder, leaving them at this office, will be suitably rewarded. feb 8 d1w

Lightning Metal Polish.

THIS POLISH is highly recommended by those who have used it, as being the best for polishing Silver, Brass, Britannia, Tin, Cutlery, &c. &c. being the easiest applied of any they have used.

Manufactured by SMITH & GARNSEY, corner of Dow's Block, up stairs.

feb 8—3t*

NEW BOOKS.

A NOBLE LIFE, by the author of John Halifax: Wives and Daughters, by Mrs. Gaskell. The Dead Bride, by T. S. Arthur: The Tiger Hunter, by Mayne Reid; Braithwaite for January.

feb 8 Received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

General Agent Wanted.

ONE of the most popular and successful LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES in the U. S. in the State of Maine, would make liberal arrangements with a suitable party. Address

O. G. WILSON,

17 State Street, Boston, Mass.

References as will justify confidential communications. feb 7—6t

Still Later from Virginia!

CHOICE VIRGINIA SOLID

Oysters,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AND SELLING lively, at LOW'S MARKET. feb 7—1w

Horse Radish!

Horse Radish!

PURE GRATED HORSE RADISH in any quantity, at LOWIS MARKET. feb 7—1w

HAVANA CIGARS.

A now and choice brand of Cigars ql feb 6 BRADBURY'S

OILS!

SPERM, LARD,

WHALE, COAL,

NEATSFOOT, ELAINE,

and MYSTIC OILS.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers.

30dce by BLOOD & ROYT.

Green Wood!

FOR SALE. Apply at 44 Exchange Street

jan 16 MATHEW LINCOLN.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS

66 Main Street, - - Bangor.

THE LARGEST AND BEST

FURNITURE

IN THE CITY

RICH and Fashionable Parlor Suits, in Plush, Terry, Reps and Hair Cloth.

Elegant Walnut and Ash Chamber Sets, Wood Tops; also, very low priced Enamelled Chamber Furniture.

Marble and Wood Top Centre Tables, all styles.

Black Walnut and Mahogany Extension Dining, Easy and Pillar Tables.

Gondola, French and Common Rockers, Hair, Cloth and Damask.

Black Walnut Etageres, richly carved.

Walnut and Ash Side Boards, Chiffoniers, Grecian and Common Bureaus, Common Hard Wood and Pine Bureaus.

Hat Trees, of numerous styles.

Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, of all kinds.

Frimer and Common Bedsteads, Cribs and Tilest Stands.

Looking Glasses of all Sizes and Styles, Walnut Pier and Mantel Glasses.

Painted Window Shades, Fixtures, Cornices, Poles, Tassels, Door Mats, &c.

Clocks, from the best manufactories in the United States.

Fancy Walnut & Ash Brackets, Book Cases, Office Desks, Sofa Cushions, &c., and all other articles to be found in a first class furniture store, made to order.

Having in my employ the best of workmen as there are in New England, I can guarantee every article made to give entire satisfaction as to quality, of my own manufacture, as low as can be purchased in New England.

☞ I have a machine for Picking and Curled Hair and Cotton, by the pound. Hair and Cotton Mattresses made to order, expense, be made as good as new.

☞ Having lately re-modelled my store, 66 MAIN STREET, and added to it the adjoining building, on the best of terms, I CLAIMS, I am prepared to accommodate all who favor me with a call, and promise to use them as low as they can be purchased in Bangor.

G. W. MERRILL,

feb 7—3taw 66 MAIN ST.

MUTTY'S Friction Feed Roller,

FOR CIRCULAR SAWS.

PATENTED JANUARY

THIS INVENTION is designed for Circular Saws to provide Lumber Manufacturers with a reliable and effective feed motion for re-sawing lumber, &c.

It reduces the labor of feeding from 50 to 100 per cent., more lumber can be sawed in a day without the use of extra power than by the old existing machinery, is more reliable, more durable and not more expensive to operate.

It has been in practical use in my mill for more than one year, where the above statements can be fully

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

Washington Matters!

The Freedmen's Bureau Bill Passed by Both Houses.

From South America.

Chili and Peru Have Formed an Alliance Against Spain.

Valparaiso Invested by the Spanish—Probable Attack on the City.

Southern Items!

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

The Committee with the resolutions of the Virginia Legislature, approving the President's policy, waited on the President to-day, but owing to the prolonged session of the Cabinet the interview was postponed until to-morrow.

In reply to a resolution the President to-day transmitted to the House the opinion of the Attorney General and the Secretary of War, that it is incompatible with the public interest to furnish such reports of the facts and conclusions upon which Jeff. Davis, C. C. Clay, A. R. Mallory and D. L. Yulee are held in confinement. The President concurs in these opinions.

The pressure for tickets to the Lincoln Memorial Ceremonies on Monday next is immense, thousands of applications being received.

The mandatory Freedmen Bureau bill having passed both Houses will soon be presented to the President for his signature.

The bill as it now stands does not restrict the operations of the Bureau to the States in which the writ of habeas corpus was suspended on the 11th inst, as amended by the House, but disagreed to by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

The National Democratic Executive Committee have had a meeting for general consultation, but did not come to a determination as to recommending any particular or any special course of policy to be hereafter pursued by the Democratic party.

A mass meeting is advertised to sustain the restoration policy of the President, to take place on the 22d of February.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9,

The Santiago de Cuba, from Greytown, arrived also steamer New York, from Aspinwall 1st inst.

The Golden City left Panama on the 28th for San Francisco.

News from Peru says the President of Peru made an offensive and defensive alliance with Chili, and declared war against Spain.

It was reported at Lima, that the South American Republics—especially Columbia—would accede to the treaty.

The Peruvian steam frigates and 2 steamers had left to effect a junction with the Callao fleet.

All the Spaniards residing in the province of Lima had received orders not to leave the country, and to have their names registered to prevent surveillance.

The Peruvian government has also taken other precautions to have reprisals, and in case the Spanish fleet should take possession of any part of the coast, or inflict any other serious damage.

The mails from Valparaiso had not been received, but a sailing vessel at Callao, from the southern coast, reported the entire Spanish fleet concentrated at Valparaiso. That city is probably thoroughly blockaded, and perhaps attacked by Spaniards.

An attempted revolution at Panama had been frustrated.

Nothing important from Central America.

FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 8.

At a large sale of ordnance to-day good prices were obtained—but a large number of articles were withdrawn on account of the bids not reaching the minimum rates established by the Government. About 500 old cannon, rebel and otherwise sold from 1 to 3 per pound.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 9.

A fire occurred at Hilton Head Wednesday, among the government buildings, by which a forage shed, containing an immense quantity of corn, oats, hay and straw, and the guard house and adjoining buildings were destroyed. A heavy rain probably saved the whole town from being burned down.

A Fenian Circle is being organized in this city.

Cotton dull—middling 42@46. Receipts for the week 800 bales; exports 7,782 bales to Spanish ports; stock in port 10,600 bales.

WHEELING, Va., Feb. 9.

The bill providing for the permanent location of the capital at Buckhannon, West Va., passed the House to-day.

Horgan and Boyce, for the murder of Adam Deemis, were executed in Parkersburg to-day. The ropes broke in the first attempt, but the men mounted the scaffold again, and stronger ropes were procured, when they were hung separately.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The Kingsland Oil Company Works on Newton Creek, were burned last night.—Loss $35,000.

The accident on the Flemington Railroad on Wednesday was in consequence of a broken rail throwing the train off the track. The locomotive was demolished by the explosion of the boiler. The engineer was killed, and the fireman severely scalded.—The cars did not go over the embankment, and none of the passengers were hurt.

The Chilian expedition case was before Judge Shipman to-day, and by consent of the counsel was set down for next Wednesday.

Gen. Hooker, under an order from Gen. Meade, has caused all the sub-districts in his military district to be discontinued.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.

Flour firm.
Wheat unsettled—sales at 1,18 a 1,19 for No. 1
Corn dull.
Oats dull.
Mess pork 26,75 @ 27,00.
Bulk meats firm—sales at 11 a 11¾ for loose and packed.
Pork quiet at 23,50.
English meats inactive.
Sweet pickled hams dull at 16½ a 17c.
Green meats dull.
Lard dull at 16½@17.
Hogs active—sales at 9,50@ 10,00 for fair to choice.
Dressed hogs quiet—Sales at 11,00.
Receipts—2700 bbls. flour; 12,000 bushels of wheat, 21,000 bushels corn, 7,000 bushels oats; 2000 hogs; 2700 dressed hogs.
Shipments—2300 bbls. flour; 2,500 bush. wheat; 6500 bushels corn; 50,000 bushels of oats.

DENVER, Colorado, Feb. 7.

One hundred and fifty pounds of bullion from Colorado ore were obtained from the first runs of a melting process on exhibition here. The process exceeds the most sanguine expectations.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 9.

The House passed to-day the bill appropriating $500,000 for the relief of the Chambersburg sufferers.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 9.

John W Hughes, for the murder of S. Parsons, was hanged to-day.

CINCINNATI, Feb 9

Flour unchanged.
Wheat unchanged.
Hogs quiet at 11,75.
Provisions easier.
Mess Pork 29,00.
Land at 18¾.
Gold 139¾.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.

Second Board. Stocks weak—American Gold 1,39¾.
U. S. 6-20's, 1862, 102¾.
do 1864, 102¾.
Treasury 7 3-10, 2d series, 99¾.
U. S. Coupon Sixes of 1881 104.
U. S. 10-40's, 94¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

Cotton dull and heavy—sales 800 bales—Middling 46.

Flour—State and Western higher grades are steady; medium are heavy for inferior sales 10,000 bbls. State 7,00@8,25; round hoop Ohio 8,50@10,60; Western 7,00@8,55. Southern firmer—sales 300 barrels at 8,90@15,80. Canada—sales 200 barrels at 8,00@11,60.

Wheat unchanged—sales 28,000 bushels—Chicago Spring, choice No. 1, 1,76; amber Milwaukee, 1,75@1,76.

Corn is lower—sales 29,000 bush—mixed western 80@83.

Beef heavy.

Pork is heavy—sales 7400 bbls: new mess at 28,87@29,37, closing at 29,50.

Lard firm—sales of 650 bbls at 15¾ @ 18¼ per pound.

Sugars firm but quiet—Sales 400 hhds. Muscovado at 11 a 12; Havana, 295 boxes, at 10¾; Porto Rico, 11¼.

Coffee quiet.

Freights to Liverpool quiet and firmer—cotton 5d.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

House.

The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the freedmen's bureau bill.

The House then proceeded to act on the amendments to the navy appropriation bill, and concurred in the report of the committee of the whole by 73 to 76, striking out the appropriation of $290,000 for machine shop in the main building at Brooklyn navy yard and some other items. The item of $105,000 for the island adjoining the Portsmouth navy yard, was retained. All the items for the Boston navy yard were retained, except $25,000 for the purchase of right of drainage through the yard now held by the city of Charleston. $107,380, are for the purchase of office buildings, $20,000 each for the protection of the public property at the Norfolk and Pensacola yards were retained. An additional section was added, making the appropriation as bounties for the destruction of the enemy's vessels during the rebellion applicable to all cases. Also, a new section, that no part of the amount appropriated shall be paid in violation of the act prescribing the oath of allegiance. The bill then passed.

The bankrupt bill was then taken up and discussed.

A bill was introduced giving three months pay to officers honorably discharged since the 19th of April, 1865. Referred to the military committee.

Adjourned.

Reported for the Whig.

Legislature of Maine.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 9.

SENATE.

Read and assigned—An act to incorporate the Damariscotta Manufacturing Company; an act to incorporate the Richmond Tannery and Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Company; an act to incorporate the South Berwick Boot, Shoe and Leather Manufacturing Company; an act to incorporate the Eastport Gas Company; an act to amend the charter of the Dunn Edge Tool Company; an act to authorize the construction of a bridge over Sebasticook river in Clinton Gore by Commissioners of Kennebec county; an act creating the South Paris Village Corporation; an act to regulate the holding of sessions of the Supreme Judicial Court for the trial of criminal cases.

Mr. Moore reported in response to order, that further legislation for protection of domestic animals, is inexpedient. Accepted.

On motion of Mr. Hawes,

Ordered, (under suspension of rules,) That the Committee on State Lands and Roads be instructed to inquire into the situation of certain lots of land in township No. 4, R 4, W. E. L. S., and determine whether it shall be for the interest of the State to sell any lots to settlers thereon exceeding the quantity as now sold to settlers.

Mr Hamor reported bill an act to incorporate the Brownville Mill and Water Power Company, and it was read and assigned.

Mr. Manson reported an act in addition to an act to incorporate the Penobscot Fire Insurance Company, which was read and assigned.

Mr Perkins reported bill an act to amend an act incorporating the town of Fort Fairfield, and it was read and assigned.

Passed to be engrossed—Resolve in favor of Edward E Shield; an act establishing the salaries of Judge and Register of Probate of Franklin county; an act to enable the city of Belfast to build and maintain a free bridge over tide waters; an act to authorize the Princeton and Milford Turnpike Company to build a branch; an act in addition to an act to increase the capital stock of the Searsport Bank; an act to aid in the settlement and disposal of assets of banks after the expiration or surrender of their charter; resolve in favor of Thomas P. Cleaves; an act to incorporate the Winthrop Petroleum Company; resolve in favor of Agricultural Survey of some of the large tracts of unsettled lands in this State; resolve in favor of Horace Stilson; an act to extend the act to authorize the city of Bangor to aid in the construction of the European & North American Railway; resolve making appropriation to aid in constructing and repairing roads and bridges in county of Aroostook.

Resolve relating to the unoccupied lands of the United States, was read the second time and laid upon the table, on motion of Mr Boynton.

Mr. Holbrook reported the following:

The committee on Treasurer's Report, to which was referred the order of the Legislature instructing them to cancel and destroy so many of the bonds in the Treasurer's office authorized to be issued under resolve approved March 19, as they may deem it expedient, ask leave to report, that they have destroyed by burning, Bonds amounting to one hundred fifty-one thousand and five hundred dollars ($151,500). Being Nos. 2084 to 3120, inclusive, of one thousand dollars each, and Nos. 3152 to 3380 inclusive, of five hundred dollars each. They further report that there now remain in the Treasurer's office, Bonds of said loan amounting to sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000), which they deem it inexpedient to destroy, as they may be needed to meet the requirements of resolves of the present Legislature.

The report was accepted.

On motion of Mr Hobson, the act providing for the assumption by the State of the municipal war debts was taken up, the pending question being upon concurring with the House in referring this bill to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr Hobson spoke in reference to the merits of the bill and its reference to the Committee.

The bill was referred in concurrence.

Mr. Barker reported bill an act to establish the salary of the Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot. Read and assigned.

Also, reported against petition of Maine Medical Association relative to vaccination. Adopted.

Also, reported an act relating to jurisdiction of Trial Justices, which was read and assigned.

HOUSE.

Read and assigned—An act to incorporate the Albion Manufacturing Company; an act additional concerning the redemption of railroad mortgages; an act to increase the salary of the County Attorney for the county of Knox; an act to incorporate the Portland File Company; resolve in favor of Wm. W Quimby of Bucksport; an act to incorporate the International Telegraph Co. (assigned for Tuesday next); an act additional to an act to incorporate the Penobscot Mill Dam Company; an act to provide for the payment of the war loan of 1861 (House No. 27.)

Mr Woodman of Bucksport, presented the remonstrance of H W Payson, President of the Leeds & Farmington Railroad Co. and of S. Pilsbard and others, both against the 4th section of an act to enlarge the powers of the E. & N. A. R. and the bill for consolidation of railroads in the State. Placed on file.

Mr. Greenwood of Fairfield presented remonstrance against the passage of a law preventing throwing slabs and edgings in the Kennebec river. Referred.

Mr. Sanborn of Kittery, from the committee on mercantile affairs and insurance, reported an act to incorporate the Pleasant Ridge Slate Company. Read and assigned.

Mr. Jordan of Danville, from the committee on education, reported resolve authorizing the Land Agent to convey certain lots of land to M. S. Drummond and David Fuller. Read and assigned.

Mr. Fairbanks, from the committee on mercantile affairs and insurance, reported an act to incorporate the Swan Creek Oil Manufacturing Company of Ohio. Read and assigned.

Mr. Comstock, from the committee on interior waters, reported bill to supply the city of Bangor with pure water. Read once and ordered to be printed on motion of Mr. Garnsey.

Mr. Davis of Lubec, from the committee on fisheries, reported an act for the preservation of pickerel in Winthrop ponds.

Mr. Nickels of Searsport, from the committee on mercantile affairs and insurance, reported an act to incorporate the Penobscot Steam Navigation Company. Read and assigned.

Passed to be engrossed—An act to increase the salary of the Registry of Probate for the county of Androscoggin; resolve abating state tax of Starks and annexing the same to Mercer; an act to incorporate the Waterville Hotel Company; an act to provide for the payment of the claim of Miles Wilson against the county of Penobscot; an act concerning school district No. 6 in Waterville; an act to confer certain powers on the city of Portland; an act to incorporate the Madison Falls Manufacturing Co.; an act to extend the provisions of an act entitled an act to incorporate the Somerset Railroad Company; an act to change the names of certain persons.

Passed to be enacted—An act to amend an an act to incorporate the Rumford Bridge Co.; an act to incorporate the Camden Marine Railway Co; an act to prevent the unauthorized use of trade marks and names; an act to incorporate the Penobscot Land and Mining Company.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

—We notice in the window of Mr. Williams, jeweler, on Main street, a handsome silver tea-set, designed, as we learn from a card attached, as a present to the clergyman of this city who shall receive the most votes—the privilege of depositing one ballot therefor being purchased for ten cents.

—The smelt fishery is getting to be a great institution in Maine, and most of the species of the finny tribe eaten in Boston come from down east seaports.

—Receipts from internal revenue last week, nearly $9,000,000.

—Gen. Cass, at home in Detroit, is said to be seriously ill, and failing fast.

—A man in in Chicago went all the way to Germany, to marry a supposed widow, and after the marriage took her home, when to his disgust he found she had a husband living, who enforced his prior claim on her. Hereafter he will beware of the "widders."

—The total number of Jesuit priests is about 7,000 of whom 276 are in North America.

—The amount of money received by the Quartermaster General's office since the close of the war for sales of horses, mules and oxen, is reported at about twelve million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

—Five years ago a man in the Ohio State prison succeeded in making his escape. A few days ago he returned and expressed a desire to serve out his term. The only explanation given is that while out of prison got married—it would be ungallant to say anything more.

—A Mobile exchange says: We observed a drunken man sitting in a wheelbarrow yesterday, endeavoring with all his might to wheel himself home. The "barrow" was drunk or baulky, for it stubbornly refused to go, but his occupant was "wheeled" around to the caboose, by a "friend of the fallen."

—The County Clerk, Sheriff and Deputy Sheriff of Pope County, Ark., were all recently assinated.

—Over six thousand souls have perished at Gaudaloupe, West Indies, since October.

—A thousand laborers are rebuilding Charleston, S. C. Several thousand belaborers assisted in knocking it down.

—Of the 1200 officers in the regular army when the war began, 181 were killed while fighting for the Union and nearly 500 were wounded—more than half the original number. The number of West Point graduates in the regular army when the war broke out was 820. Of this number 197 resigned and joined the rebels; but of the 621 who remained and fought for the Union, 188 were Southern men.

—One hundred ladies of Lawrence, Kansas, have petitioned Congress to give them the right of suffrage.

—Funny freaks occur in Utah. A short time since a Mormon was frozen between two wives. He was engaged in hauling wood between the respective cabins of his first and second wives.

—The official statistics of the city of Rome give the number of inhabitants as follows: Men 100,034; women 96,569; priests monks and students 4,585; pontifical soldiers 4,782; Jews 4,495; prisoners 377. Married persons four-tenths of the population.

—Bishop Elliott of Georgia gives official notice of the reunion of the Episcopal diocese of Georgia with the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States.

—Evidently the old order of things on the Mississippi is restored. People must begin to feel at home. For the steamboats are blowing up every day, just as they used to in the good old times of peace.

—The Richmond papers hint that the robbers and garroters in that city are enterprising Union men, formerly of Philadelphia! This is a new way of firing the Southern heart.

—Little three-year old Jennie was playing very roughly with the kitten—carrying it by the tail. Her mother told her that she would hurt pussy. "Why, no, I won't," said she, "I'm carrying it by the handle!"

—The last steamer brought the intelligence that Professor Agassiz's explorations on the main stream of the Amazon along had resulted in the discovery of no less than eleven hundred and sixty-three species of fish, which is a greater number than exists in the Mediterranean.

—"What's whisky bringing?" asked a dealer. "Bringing men to the gallows, and women and children to want," was the reply.

—The Bank Commissioner's report states that there are now but nine Banks which are in full operation as State Banks. In 1863 there were sixty-nine banks. Nineteen have amended their charters and are closing up under the act of 1863. Fourteen were converted into national banks under the act of the same year, and twenty-seven were converted under the act of 1865. Some of those spoken of as closing up under the act of 1863 have reorganized as national banks. The State bank circulation is in process of rapid redemption.

ABUNDANCE OF MONEY. The Kennebec Journal regards the present abundance of money as having this good effect. "It offers facilities and gives encouragement to manufacturing enterprises, and thus serves to strengthen the hands of productive labor." People may theorize about currency, but without discussing these theories the Journal regards this fact as important, that the seasons of great prosperity to labor have been when the currency was abundant. It is so now. It was so during the war and with evident good results to the government and the people.

MANUFACTURES IN THE WEST. We have stated that a second woolen factory is about going into operation at Minneapolis, Minnesota, at the Great Falls of the Mississippi. The St. Paul Pioneer states that Gen. Washburne, President of the Water Power Company, has just completed arrangements with Boston capitalists for the erection of a Cotton Mill at the same place. All over the West, manufactures are rapidly increasing.

GEN. BURNSIDE. It is currently reported that the name of Gen. Burnside will be presented to the State Republican Convention of Rhode Island as a candidate for the office of Governor for the ensuing year.

DEFINITIONS. Husband—A person who writes checks and dresses as his wife directs.

Marriage—the only habit to which women are constant.

Wrinkle—the first thing one lady sees in another's face.

FACTS FOR THE FARMERS. There is profit from raising three hundred bushels of wheat from ten acres but not from thirty. No more should be ploughed than can be thoroughly manured.

It is bad policy when a field is once highly manured to continue cropping it with grain until the manure is used up. The latter end of that land will be worse than the first.

Farmers who care and house their corn-fodder, chop it fine and soak it twelve hours, or steam it till well cooked, adding bran, corn or oil meal in small quantities, esteem it equal to upland hay for all kinds of neat cattle and sheep. It is best, however, for cows.

—There are a number of cases of small-pox in Eastport.

—Starkweather, the Connecticut murderer, when asked, since his trial, if he felt no sorrow at the death of his mother and sister, said that he could not; that intellectually he felt he had done wrong, but in his heart he could not feel the least sorry. That he had tried to, but it was of no use. When spoken to of the trouble between himself and mother, he appeared excited and did not wish to talk of it.

—The John Brown song seems to have been adopted in the British navy. A serious disturbance recently took place on board Her Majesty's steamer Leander, at Valparaiso, which began by the men refusing to come up when the watches were called, and beginning to shout and yell in chorus, "We will hang Commander Patten to an old apple tree," &c.,

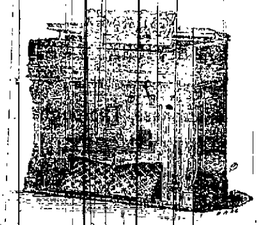
—The Rockland Battle-Axe, the new temperance paper, gives a sketch of Mr. Moses Heard, of South Thomaston, who is a teetotaler of more than seventy years standing. He is about seventy years of age, and he has not drank a drop of spirituous liquors since the age of three. Mr. H. is a remarkable instance of the old adage that temperance promotes health. For the last forty years not a single sunrise has found him in bed.

—A new counterfeit is out with the following "ear-marks": "International Bank, Portland, Me.—2s. Viz: Four horses and covered wagon, driver seated on one of the horses. 1 in each upper corner. Portrait of a male in lower right, and female in lower corner. Unlike the genuine.

THE MAINE LAW. At a town meeting held in Manchester, Mass., on Wednesday, it was voted to appoint forty men to thoroughly enforce the prohibitory law in that town, and the School Committee were instructed to circulate the pledge among the children of the public schools.

—The last thing out in the bonnets for the street, is said to be a "brown velvet dice box, with a little devil woodcock perched over the forehead of the wearer, trying to peck out her right eye."

S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S
AMERICAN ORGANS
MANUFACTORY,
Tremont, opposite Waltham St.,
BOSTON, MASS.



The most perfect and beautiful Musical Instrument in the world for the American Home Circle.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN makes Home Attractive, and refines and elevates the minds of all. Beautiful in its appearance and effects.

Seventeen---17---First Premiums were awarded to the American Organs IN THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1865, over all Competitors, at different State and County Fairs.

First Premium awarded to the American Organs at the Great New York State Agricultural Fair at Rochester, September 1864, over the Whole catalogue exhibited by the most Celebrated Makers.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS are the ONLY REAL REED ORGANS now before the public.—The only Organ having a REVERBERATING SOUND BOX or WIND CHEST—which has the same important part to perform as the Sounding Board has in a Piano Forte (to give body and resonance of tone) and without which the Organ becomes merely a Melodeon in an Organ case. The American Organs not only have the Wind-Chest, or Sound-Box but have the large Organ Bellows, giving power and great steadiness of tone. These with their extreme fine voicing of the Reeds and perfection of the tone, make them the MOST PERFECT ORGAN KNOWN. Then, in finenes of workmanship, finish of action, and case, they excel all others. These great improvements and superiority of tone and workmanship of the AMERICAN ORGANS place them in the first rank as the best, and command a higher price than any other reed instrument in the market. A careful examination of them, in comparison with others, will quickly show their superiority.

Special attention is called to the style of AMERICAN ORGAN, No. 17, containing the Super-Octave Coupler and Sub-Bass. FOR CHURCHES in want of a powerful instrument, whose means are limited in price renders it very desirable.

EVERY ORGAN IS WARRANTED TO PROVE SATISFACTORY.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS all have the Reverberating Sound Box, or Wind-Chest, and are finished in the highest style of art, in Rosewood, Jet Walnut, and Oak finish, richly Varnished and Polished, or in Smooth Oil Finish, forming elegant pieces of Furniture for the Parlor or Boudoir: and the Oak and Walnut especially adapted for Churches, Lecture and Lodge Rooms.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS are all finished with our new PATENT improvements, containing the improved Knee Swell, Double Bellows, two Blow Pedals, and TREMOLO found in no other instrument.

NEW STYLES OF CASES,
Richly Finished and Highly Ornamented.

Illustrated Catalogues, containing cuts taken from Photographs, showing their relative size to each other, sent free.
Sold only by
W. K. FOSTER,
jan 16—3taw 3m Union Block, Main St.

FLOUR! FLOUR!
400 Bbls. Western
AND
Extra State Flour,
At GEO. C. PICKERING'S
jan 3—2m 42 West Market Square.

Choice Porto Rico Molasses,
ENGLISH CODFISH,
OOLONG AND JAPAN TEAS,
PURE COFFEES AND SPICES
BUCKWHEAT AND GRAHAM FLOUR,
SYRUPS, SUGARS,
AND THE
Best Groceries Generally,
FOR SALE LOW BY
jan24 GEO. W. MANTON.

Notice.

THE Treasurer of the PENOBSCOT LUMBERING ASSOCIATION will pay back to the owners of Logs that came through the Penobscot Boom in the months of April and May, 1865, TEN CENTS per thousand feet over assessment of boomage on said Logs.
ADAM MOOR,
Treasurer, P. L. A.
Bangor, January 17, 1866. jl8

A RARE CHANCE!
Millinery Stock and Fixtures
FOR SALE.

S. H. HERSAM & CO., wishing to close up business, offer at a great Bargain their Choice Assorted Stock of Millinery Goods and Store Fixtures, with Store Rent reasonable, at their well known and long established stand, in
CORNER OF MAIN AND LISBON STREETS,
Lewiston, Feb. 1, 1866.—f6 d2w&d & w2w

EAST CORINTH ACADEMY

THE SPRING TERM OF THE INSTITUTION will commence FEBRUARY 21st, under the tuition of
REV. B. F. LAWRENCE, A. B.,
With such Assistants as the wants of the school may demand. Mr. Lawrence is well known in many parts of the State as a thorough educator and disciplinarian.
The Trustees of the Institution have determined to place it upon a basis surpassed by no similar institution in the State. Wholesome regulations will protect the interests and preserve the morals of its students.
Board can be obtained in good families at a moderate price. Those who wish to board themselves will find convenient rooms.
Prices will be awarded at the close of the term in Declamation and Composition.

Tuition for a Term of Eleven Weeks.
Common English, $4.00
Higher English, 4 50
Languages, 5.00

JOSHUA HAWES,
Secretary of Trustees.

N. B. The exaggerated stories about small pox at East Corinth have no foundation. There has been no real cases of it in the village at all, nor more than three cases of varioloid, all of which are now well. jan 26—w

200 Bbls.
COE'S
Super Phosphate of Lime,
ONE OF THE
Greatest Fertilizers in the Known World.
ALSO,
BONE MEAL,
FOR FERTILIZER AND FOR CATTLE:
For sale by C. H. DUNNING,
Jan 22—3tis 42 West Market Square.

NEW ENGLAND
MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO
OF BOSTON.
A HOME COMPANY,
CHARTERED AND ORGANIZED IN 1843. IS the oldest Company in the Country.
The Officers are men well known in this community, in whom they have the fullest confidence, as is proved by the fact that

Many of Our Citizens

Hold Policies on their Lives in the Company.
REPORTS, CIRCULARS,
And all information given, and Applications for Policies received by the Subscribers, Agents for the Company.
John S. Kimball & Son,
AGENTS.
NOS. 30 AND 32 EXCHANGE STREET.
Bangor, February 2d, 1866.—tf

I WILL SELL
The Stock of Goods in Store,
44 West Market Square,
AT PRICES LOWER
Than the same goods can be bought for elsewhere.
I have a fine assortment of
TOBACCO & CIGARS,
AND A GOOD STOCK OF
GENERAL GROCERIES,
which I wish to close out in
THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.
E. B. PATTEN.
dec 28 44 West Market Square.

Patent Wooden and Metalic Burial Caskets.

HARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS.
Got up in the best style, and for sale at the lowest Prices. Also PLATES, ROBES, &c.
E. H. TEBBETTS,
Nos 19 and 20 East Market Square.
Residence—No. 121 Centre Street. s12

New Muscovado
MOLASSES,
100 HHDS. NEW MUSCOVADO MOLASSES, of PRIME QUALITY, just received and for sale by
CHAS. HAYWARD & CO.
Bangor, Feb'y 3d, 1866. 1wd—w3t

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of J. C. HOLMES & CO., for the transaction of the
Ship Chandlery Business,
AT THE OLD STAND
No. 12 Exchange Street.
All demands due the late Firm will be settled by
J. C. HOLMES,
J. C. HOLMES, } T. K. JOHNSTON, } GEORGE BOWEN
We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.
feb 1—tf. (Times copy)

NOTICE.

The Committee of Investigation into alleged Frauds in Enlistments,
will meet in the
SENATE CHAMBER,
ON
TUESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS,
at 7 o'clock.
All persons having knowledge of any facts connected with the subject matter of the inquiry, are hereby requested to communicate the same to the Chairman, or to appear before the Committee.
GEO. W. WOODMAN,
GEO. F. SHEPLEY,
Augusta, Jan. 19, 1866.—j22 3wd&w Chairmen.

Removal.

J. R. BOURNE, Agent for Wheeler & Wilson's SEWING MACHINES, has removed from the Hoop Skirt Store, to
THE CHEAP STORE, NO. 15 MAIN ST.
Price of S. M., from $55 upwards.
Machines repaired; Machine Oil and Fittings for sale; Machine Sewing done in the best manner.
jan30 3taw

New Drug Store.

CURTIS & WATERHOUSE,
HAVE rented Store No. 3 Pickering Square, opposite WOOD, BISHOP & CO., where they are prepared to sell all goods usually kept in a first class Drug Store, and hope by close attention to business and to the wants of customers, to merit a share of public patronage.
☞ Please give us a call.
A. G. CURTIS, O. A. WATERHOUSE.
jan 17

Dr. Bushnell's New Book,
VICARIOUS SACRIFICE. Thoughts on Personal Religion, by Goulburn; On Study of the Bible, by Goulburn. Received by
jan 22 E. F. DUREN.

Prepared Wood.

WE are now delivering HARD & SOFT WOOD, at reduced rates. C. A. BABCOCK & CO.
January 15, 1866.

Flour.

500 BBLS. DOUBLE EXTRA, Extra and Superfine. Also, a few Choice Brands in half bbls. at low prices for cash.
nov15 P. P. PEARSON & SON.

East Maine Conference
SEMINARY,
BUCKSPORT, ME.

THE SPRING TERM of ELEVEN WEEKS opens on MONDAY, February 19th.
JAS. B. CRAWFORD,
PRINCIPAL.
Bucksport, Jan. 20, 1866.—feb 3 3tw

Superior Inducements
ARE OFFERED
FOR THE
NEXT THIRTY DAYS,
TO BUY
DRY GOODS,
(PREVIOUS TO TAKING STOCK),
At SAM'L B. STONE, Jr., & CO'S.
feb 1

STANIFORD'S
"NONPAREIL"
CLOTHES SPRINKLER!

POSITIVELY THE ONLY CLOTHES SPRINKLER WITHOUT A RIVAL. By the use of this article, clothes can be immediately ironed, without the usual delay by any other mode of sprinkling. It is particularly useful when ironing woolen goods, the sprinkles being fine like rain.
It is always in order, and needs but a trial to be appreciated. No lady will do without one of these useful articles.
Manufactured and for sale by
W. E. Staniford & Co.,
BUCKSPORT, MAINE.
☞ Orders promptly attended to. jan 20

FEBRUARY—LADY'S BOOK.
feb 1 received by E. F. DUREN.

House for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale his House on Spring St., and two adjoining Lots, at a great Bargain. House is in good repair and convenient. Has hard and soft water.
feb 6—2w* W. B. HEATH.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT No. 1 OHIO STREET, the Starrett Homestead. Also, 700 acres of land in Dedham, near Read's Pond, good wood land with some Hemlock thereon.
feb 5—tf JOHN T. STRICKLAND, Administrator.

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE, BARN, and 6 ACRES of LAND, situated in Orrington, on the Bangor and Buckspoort stage road, half mile from the Post Office and Church, Brewer Village.
For further particulars inquire of the Subscriber on the premises.
WM. VOSE.
Orrington, Feb. 2, 1866.—f6—1wd w3w

Lease and Fixtures for Sale
OF THE
AUGUSTA HOUSE.

The undersigned being compelled (on account of ill health) to relinquish Hotel business, offers for sale the lease and a portion of the furniture of said House.
This Hotel ranks among the first in the country, and commands a large proportion of the travel. It has one hundred twenty-five rooms, perfectly ventilated and substantially furnished. Attached to the House are Bathing Rooms, Shaving and Billiard Saloons, &c.
In connection with the house is a large and convenient Stable, and a fine livery stock.
Any one desirous of entering the hotel business, will find this a rare opportunity with comparatively a small capital.
Harrison Baker,
PROPRIETOR.
February 2, 1866—6w

Hotel Notice.

The undersigned having this day leased, for a long term, the "Dyer House," in Hancock, takes this occasion to notify the public that the same will be
CLOSED,
for the purpose of a thorough Repairing, Refitting and Renovating of the premises,
until the 22d instant,
on which day it will be RE-OPENED by the subscriber under the name of the
"NICHOLS' HOUSE,"
where his customers will find, in all respects, a first class Hotel. Having had a large experience in the business, formerly at the Parker House in East Corinth, and afterwards at the Silsby House in Newport, he solicits the aid and encouragement of all old friends and patrons.
☞ Every exertion will be made to render this a Home, to all who may visit it a most comfortable Home.
Lemuel Nichols,
Bangor, Feb. 1, 1866 (Times)

Timber Lands for Sale.

FOR SALE, about 12,000 acres of Timber Lands, in *Westfield, Aroostook County*. These lands are covered with a growth of valuable timber, and are among the best farming lands in the County. Terms favorable to purchasers, both as to price and time of payment.
Apply to PETER THACHER, Rockland; CHARLES D. BARTLETT, Bangor; JAMES C. MADIGAN, Agent of said lands, Houlton; or of N. T. WORCESTER, Westfield.
nov 10—d&w tf

FOR SALE.

A GOOD SCHOONER 65 tons register O. M., rates A 2, well found in every respect—ready for any voyage.
One schooner 100 tons, rates 2½—large carrier, 8 years old, 2 suits of sails and otherwise well found.
For particulars apply to H. McCONVILLE.
feb 3—tf

Vessels Wanted,

To load Kimo, at Rockland, for New York, with dispatch.
jan31 2w FRED ATWOOD.

Change in Livery Stock!

Having disposed of my interest in the LIVERY STOCK in the Main Street Stable, formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, I would say that I have a
CHOICE LIVERY STOCK
At my old stand on the Hampden road just below the Bangor House, where I should be happy to wait upon old and new customers.
All orders left at the Bangor House for Coaches, Hacks or Livery, will be promptly attended to.
O. M. SHAW.
feb 5 (Times)

LIVERY STABLE!

THE UNDERSIGNED, formerly proprietor of the PARKER HOUSE, at East Corinth, and the SHAW HOUSE, at Newport, has disposed of his interest in those Houses, and also of his Line of Stages to Moosehead Lake, and having leased the Stable formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, on Main St., in Bangor, will devote himself entirely to the business of keeping a
First Class Livery Stable,
in all its branches.
HACKS AND COACHES
With well trained horses and careful drivers, furnished at all hours for the cars, steamboats, funerals, &c.
HENRY JORDAN, Coachman under Messrs. Billings & Shaw and Mr. Laughlin, will remain with the Subscriber.
Horses will be taken to board by the week, and the convenience and accommodations offered for boarders is not equalled in the city.
The subscriber will rely on first class stock and constant attention to his business to secure a liberal patronage.
SAMUEL NICHOLS.
jan 23 (Times copy)

Deering, Milliken & Co.,
Successors to G. L. Storer & Co.,
JOBBERS OF
Dry Goods, Woolens,
And Gent's Furnishing Goods,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Clothing and Cloaks.
AGENTS FOR
Empie Sewing Machines
FOR THE STATE OF MAINE.
58 and 60 Middle Street, PORTLAND
s18d&w6mos.

NEW PORK!
NEW LARD,
FLOUR, CORN AND MEAL,
For Sale Low for Cash at Wholesale.
☞ Call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
WALTER BROWN & SON,
jan 13 114 and 118 Exchange Street.

RUBBER GOODS!
All kinds and descriptions,
AT THE
RUBBER STORE,
jan19 129 EXCHANGE STREET.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the name and style of
GREGORY & DARLING,
To continue the
BOOT, SHOE & LEATHER BUSINESS,
And the Manufacture of
LUMBERMEN'S BOOTS AND MOCCASINS,
Corner State and Exchange Streets.
JOHN N. GREGORY. WM. H. DARLING.
January 1, 1866. j4

FEBRUARY—Godey and Bank Note Reporter.
feb 1 received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

Whig & Courier

Nothing to Do.

A strip of snowiest linen
Half-broidered and stamped in blue,
And the gleam of a threadless needle
Piercing the pattern through;
The needle is ready, yet the sweet little Lady
Sits sighing for something to do.

Heaped on the table beside her
Blossoms of every hue,
Delicate, odorous roses—
The fairest that ever grew:
The vase stands ready while the sweet little Lady
Sits wishing for something to do.

Half hid under flowers a volume
In dainties gold and blue,
Just parted, as if it would open
At the "Miller's Daughter" for you:
The book lies read, yet the sweet little Lady
Sits sighing for something to do.

A silent harp in the corner,
And melodies old and new
Scattered in pretty disorder—
Songs of the false and true:
The harp stands ready—still the sweet little Lady
Sits longing for something to do.

A sudden wind-sweep and flutter—
The door wide open blew:
A step in the hall, and swiftly,
Like a bird to the threshold she flew;
Blushing, already the sweet little Lady
Forgets she has nothing to do.

A WOMAN'S HEROISM.

I was only a lad of eight when the incident which I am about to relate happened, yet it produced so strong an impression upon my mind at that time, that I still remember everything perfectly, even to the minutest detail.

My father had removed to the West a few months before, where he had constructed quite a comfortable log-house, and had cleared considerable land. There was only three of us—father, sister Jennie, and myself. Jennie was our housekeeper, but besides her work, she found time to teach me to read and write a little, generally spending an hour with me every day. She was a dear, faithful girl, and I used to think if I grew up to be a man, I would marry just such a woman as she was!

There were some Indians remaining in the neighborhood, but as they never molested us, we ceased to think of them with fear at last, and father used often to go away sometimes to be gone all night, leaving Jennie and I alone. At such times we used to fasten up the house as soon as it began to grow dark, and keep the rifle in the corner, where we might seize it at the first alarm.

One day father went away upon business, expecting to be gone longer than usual. The day passed quickly, quietly and pleasantly enough, but Jennie and I had just drawn back from our six o'clock tea, when the door softly opened, and an Indian entered.

He was a tall, mascular fellow, and looked as if he might possess the strength of a giant in his stalwart frame. He wore a hunting-shirt of some dark stuff, belted at the waist, and the borders fancifully embroidered with white beads; deer-skin leggins flaming in all colours of the rainbow, and a pair of wrought moccasins. At first he stood quite still, and surveyed us in silence.

Jennie had arisen. Her face was quite pale, but otherwise she did not show the least sign of fear. She only stepped forward, and asked:

'What do you wish? Can I do anything for you?'

'Me want fire-water,' returned the savage, looking at her steadily with his great evil eyes.

'I have no fire-water to give you,' said Jennie, 'but you can have a draught of milk if you would like.'

She placed some upon the table, and a fresh plate, and bade him help himself. This he did quite freely, making a hearty supper of it, but still keeping his eyes upon us while he ate. When he had finished his repast, he came and stood by the window.

'Me stay here to-night,' he said; 'sleep by the fire.'

'No,' replied Jennie, firmly, 'you can not remain.'

'Me stay,' repeated the savage, this time a little angrily. 'White squaw all alone—can't help herself.'

'I am not so defenceless as you think,' said my sister in an unfaltering voice. 'You have eaten and drank, and now you must go.'

The Indian's brow darkened, and he raised his hand as if he would strike her, but let it fall without a word, and rushed out of doors. Jennie comprehended his object in a moment. He had left his rifle without, and had gone to fetch it. With a quick movement, she closed the door and fastened it.

The savage came back, raging and furious at finding himself outwitted. He tugged and pushed at the door, filling every pause with horrid oaths and threats, but it was true to its trust, and did not give an inch.

All was quiet at last. Jennie took me in her arms, and crept close to the wall, on the same side of the room as the window, so the Indian could not fire at us from that. I could feel her heart beating very fast, but she whispered don't be frightened, Frank. All will come out right at last. He will go away soon.'

By this time it had grown quite dark. Rising our heads a little, we could see the stars come one by one. We dared not light a candle, so we sat very still in the gloom. After a long time Jennie got up. 'I am going to look for the Indian,' she said. 'Do not stir until I come back.'

She crept away through the darkness. After she was gone, all was still for a few moments, and then I heard a slight noise close at hand. I looked up and saw a dark form at the window. I knew it was fastened, and so though very little about it. By and by, however, there was a cracking of springs, and the window went slowly up. I hardly knew what to do. Jennie might or might not be where she could see all that was going on. I knew not where to seek her, and dared not call so I lay still and trembling, and watched every motion.

The Indian put his head through the opening first, and then slowly drew his body in after it. There was a rustling at the other end of the room, and the moment his feet touched the floor, Jennie struck a light.

She had been in another apartment when he had first attempted to enter, and had been too late to prevent it.

'Why are you here again?' she asked, with assumed anger, as the light flared up and dispersed the gloom.

The savage looked at her a moment in surprise. Evidently her coolness and calmness perplexed him.

'Me want fire-water,' said he after a pause.

'I have already told you we have none.'

'White squaw lies! What is this, then?' and he seized a bottle which stood upon a shelf, and raised it to his lips.

The bottle was full of oil. Jennie lifted her hand to stop him but it was too late. He had already received a goodly portion in his mouth, and was spitting at a great rate.

In spite of her situation, Jenny could not but smile at his ridiculous mistake.

'White squaw laugh another way soon,' muttered the Indian angrily. 'Pearl-sweep take scalp—hers and another one!' and he pointed towards me.

Jennie was sobered instantly.

'Do with me as you wish,' she said earnestly; 'but, oh, do not harm my brother. He never has done you injury, and I am sure you cannot be so cruel!'

It was an unwise speech, for it betrayed her weakest point. He immediately drew his knife and approached me.

'Take your scalp first,' he said, seizing a tuft of my hair.

Jennie sprang forward with a cry of anguish, and placed both arms tightly about my neck. She almost choked me with her firm, convulsive hold.

'Oh, you must not slay him!' she exclaimed in agony. 'I can die, if must be, without a murmur, but I beseech you to have mercy on him, and to consider his tender years!'

I felt the hot tears dropping fast upon my forehead. Somehow they seemed to give me fresh courage and resolution. I grew stronger at the sight of her despair.

'Do not weep, dear Jennie,' I said. 'I will die like a man! If you ever see father again, give my love to him and tell him I died—'

She uttered a long, gasping sigh. Then, as if a sudden thought had come to her, she sprang to the corner, seized the loaded rifle which always stood there, and raised it just in time to stay the shining blade, which in another moment would have been down upon my defenceless head.

'Put up your knife,' she said, in a calm, determined tone. 'Let it come one inch nearer to that poor boy and you shall never live to strike a second blow!'

The Indian turned away, cowed and abashed. Something in her eye told him she was not to be trifled with. Nevertheless, though foiled in his purpose, he could not help but gaze at her admiringly.

'White squaw is brave,' he said shortly. 'She does not shrink and hide from danger like the timid deer. She is too brave and beautiful for the coward pale-faces! Only a warrior would be fit mate for her! Pearl-sweep's lodge is lonely and cold! If he share her scalp, will she go with him and be his squaw?'

The Indian's face was calm and emotionless, but his voice was eager and earnest. He drew slowly nearer and at last paused. The trap-door which led into the cellar was up, and directly behind him. The ladder, which we always used in descending, had been taken away for some purpose or other. All this Jennie saw at a glance, and, in a moment, her resolution was made. She drew quietly nearer, and then gathering all her strength for the effort, she gave him a sudden push! This taken unawares, he could not save himself. He staggered, lost his balance, and fell back, with a low cry, into the yawning pit beneath him!

In a moment the trap-door was down and fastened. Then Jennie sank into a chair beside me, weak and trembling, now that it was all over, and we mingled our tears of joy, for we well knew the Indian could not escape, unassisted, from the close quarters which had so unexpectedly fallen to his lot.

Two hours later my father returned, and with him was Richard Lee, Jennie's betrothed lover. I shall never forget how tightly father drew me to his heart when he had learned all, or how proudly Richard looked upon his promised bride, while listening to the recital of her noble heroism.

GOOD ADVICE FROM A BAD SOURCE.—In a recent speech at Richmond, Hon. Henry A. Wise gave some good advice to the young men of the South, as may be seen from the subjoined extract:

'He warned them not to encourage any thought of establishing a separate government. If they fought again they must fight under the "stars and stripes." It was his flag; it was their flag.

He had heard some young men talk flippantly about the prospects of a foreign war, such as might result between the United States and France in regard to Mexico, in which event, they said, they would take sides with the enemy. Let them spurn such an idea from their minds as unworthy of American citizens. Neither did he unite with those who whispered the hope that they would live to see the day when the country would be precipitated into another revolution. It is idle; the man who talks of further resistance is a fool. As for himself he prayed God to spare the country another war—especially a civil war. Boys, take back the old flag of your forefathers. You have looked upon its folds floating from the battlements of the enemy's works, until you have come to hate it. Take it back; it's the only flag you have now. Go to work; be good, loyal and useful citizens, and labor for the prosperity of your State, and her restoration to her ancient glory and renown. He urged all his hearers to go to work, not to parade, not to loaf about the streets. If they could not get the work to do they had been accustomed to, then go whatever came to hand. Do something. If they could not get money for their work then work for their victuals and clothes. If they could not get their clothes, then work for their food. If they could not get meat, then work for bread. It was the duty of every man to do something for himself, his family, and his country.'

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.—"Cosmo," in the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post, gives the following facts worth remembering:—

It is worth while for all farmers, everywhere, to remember that thorough culture is better than three mortgages on their farm.

That an offensive war on weeds is five times less expensive than a defensive one.

That good fences always pay better than law suits with neighbors.

That hay is a great deal cheaper made in the summer than purchased in the winter.

That a horse who lays his ears back and looks lightning when any one approaches him, is vicious. Don't buy him.

That scrimping the feed of fatting hogs is waste of grain.

That over-fed fowls won't lay eggs.

That educating children is money lent at a hundred per cent.

That one evening spent at home in study is more profitable than ten spent in lounging about country taverns.

That cows should always be milked regularly and clean.

That it is the duty of every man to take some good, reliable, entertaining paper, and pay for it promptly—of course.

CHURCH ETIQUETTE.—It is fashionable with many to enter late to church, long after the services have begun, to the edification of the curious in the congregation, and the discomfort of the nerves of the pulpit. It has lately been decided, on high authority, that the following rules are to be observed on such occasions:—Let the lady advance one pace beyond the door of the pew she wishes to enter, halt, about face and salute. The pew must then be vacated by such gentlemen as are in, by flank movement. The squad should rise simultaneously when the lady presents herself, and face by the flank, then deploy into the aisle, the head man facing the lady, and the rest walking to his right and rear, the direction of the line being changed by a right countermarch, and forming again into a line, up and down the aisle, still faced by the right flank. The lady, when she sees the coast clear, completes her salute, and advances to her position in the pew. The gentlemen break off by files from the rear, and resume their places. Great care should be taken, of course, by other parties, not to enter the aisle when this evolution is in progress until it is completed.

FLOWERS IN THE WINDOW.—There is nothing more attractive to the eye of the outsider than the plants and flowers in the windows of houses during the season when garden culture is out of the question. Here every one, without regard to circumstances, may have a miniature greenhouse with all its luxuries and few of its inconveniences. The expense is not worth mentioning, and the labor is a pleasure to all who love these most lovable beauties of nature. In many of the public schools of New England, the female teachers and the large scholars cultivate many flowers throughout the year, either in doors or out. So in numerous factories, it has become a usual sight to see at all times the hanging flower or fern vase, the pots on the window-sill, all carefully tended and universally prized during the hours of labor.—[Ex.

BANGOR COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
—AND—
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
Lewis Block, Main St., Bangor.

New Rooms Rented.

THE GENEROUS PATRONAGE RECEIVED by this popular Institution, has compelled the Proprietors to rent additional rooms.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 16th, the rooms in EXCHANGE BLOCK, formerly occupied by Mr. Tebbetts, will be used in connection with those in Lewis Block.

THIS INSTITUTION, A LINK IN THE
Great American Chain,
Is Second to none other in
Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness
AND ECONOMY.

Text Books being used only as references, the Student is thrown upon his own resources, and graduates not a mere copyist, but learns that best of lessons, dependence upon himself.

Manuscript Course.

Upwards of fifty acts are given precisely as they occur in business. They contain all the improved and labor-saving methods of Book Keeping.

Business Correspondence.

One great advantage of this Chain over all others is its system of Business Correspondence.

The Student has a Correspondent given him in a distant College, with whom he buys, sells, receives consignments, ships goods both on his own and joint account—and in a word goes through all the forms used in actual business.

Penmanship.

We offer the best facilities for acquiring this Art, the Department being under the management of one of the best Penmen of the day.

Telegraph Department.

A Class in this lucrative Art is in operation under the charge of an accomplished sound operator.

Ladies' Department.

Having fitted up a room exclusively for Ladies we would invite them to call and examine our facilities.

Mercantile Library.

Every holder of a Scholarship has free access to the Mercantile Library and Reading Room.

Commercial Law.

A Course of Lectures is being given on Commercial Law, free to Students. Great inducements are offered to Clubs. DISABLED SOLDIERS will find a course in our Institution the best means of obtaining employment.

For further information send for College Paper and specimen of Penmanship, or call at College Rooms. Address,

Worthington, Warner & Smith.
Jan 11—3taw

Important to Manufacturers.

FOR SALE—The best Water Privilege in North Eastern Pennsylvania, with about thirty feet fall of water, supported by a dam of solid masonry, laid in water cement. Supply of water unfailing, capable of running eight or ten wheels through the entire season. There are now seven wheels running on the property.

Located near the Borough of Honesdale, on the line of the Delaware and Hudson Railroad, from which stock can be delivered directly into some of the shops.

Communicates with New York by Delaware and Hudson Canal, and with Philadelphia, Harrisburgh, Pittsburgh, &c., by rail. The cheapness of coal, and convenience of market communications, makes this a very desirable manufacturing property.

On the premises are four large factories and a first class saw mill.

About 160 acres of Farming Lands, with first class farm buildings, and over 100 acres of timber land can be purchased with the above property, if desired.

For further information apply to
HENRY M. SEELY,
Honesdale, Pa.
jan31 3taw4w

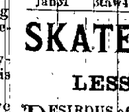
SKATES and SLEDS,
AT
LESS THAN COST!

DESIROUS of closing out my stock of SKATES and SLEDS, I offer them at
10 PER CENT. LESS THAN COST.
Also, a good assortment of
Pocket Cutlery, Jewelry, Clocks, Watches, WATCH CHAINS, TOYS, &c., &c.,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
At Daniel C. Stone's,
No. 1 EXCHANGE BLOCK.
jan13—2taw 4w

War Claims, Pensions,
Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty, and all Claims for Military Service in the present War, secured by
DANIEL SANBORN,
Office, Corner of Franklin and Hammond Streets over C. Sweet's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.
HALF PAY, Pensions for the Widows or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.
$100 BOUNTY for the Widows, Minor Children or Heirs of deceased Soldiers.
Information by mail or otherwise, given gratuitously.
Fees for service moderate, and suited to the times.
DANIEL SANBORN,
Pension Agent.
Pension Office corner Hammond and Franklin Sts
jan13 d&wtf

HOWE'S
IMPROVED SCALES



Are warranted to give Entire Satisfaction. They always take the premium. A complete variety of
Scales, Beams, Weights and Measures,
also,
Fire and Burglar Proof Safes
can always be found at
The New England Warehouse,
46 Congress street, Boston.
G. B. REYNOLDS, Agent.
Sold in Bangor by BOARDMAN & BRANN.
sept. 1 3taw&w6m

Baltimore Commission House
The Long Established Firm of
STALL & CO.
Are still prepared to receive Consignments of Potatoes, Onions, and all kinds of Produce, and, as in the past 20 years, will exercise thy devote our personal attention to all consignments, and give our best efforts to afford satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage, by prompt attention to this interest.
STALL & CO.,
No. 132 Front Street Wharf.
References—John Clarke, President Citizens Bank, Thomas Mathews, Kelsey & Gray, Perrin & Co., Bankers, Thomas Pearce, merchant, Bath, Rich, Winterport; Capt. Reuben Stubbs, Capt. Richard Mitchie, Thomas Kilburn, Bucksport.
jan16 Stawfm

City of Bangor.

The Public Meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims will be holden at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, on THURSDAY before the first Monday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M.
March 31, 1865. E. D. TRUESTON, Chairman.

The undersigned, Agents and Attorneys of the above named reliable Corporations, continue to effect Insurance on all kinds of Real and Personal Property, at rates adequate to the hazard.—Dwellings and out-buildings insured for a term of years,

One Year, Three or Five.

Losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid at this Agency.

B. PLUMMER & SONS,
Agents.
NOV. 23, 1865

B. Plummer & Sons'
FIRE AND LIFE
Insurance
AGENCY.
Fire Companies.
Authorized Capital
AND SURPLUS
Exceeding
$14,000,000!
ÆTNA, Of Hartford, Conn.
HOME, Of New York City.
METROPOLITAN, Of New York City.
PHŒNIX, Of Hartford, Conn.
ARCTIC, Of New York City.
Springfield, F. & M., Of Springfield, Mass.
MANHATTAN, Of New York City.
NEW ENGLAND, Of Hartford, Conn.
LORILLARD, Of New York City.
INTERNATIONAL, Of New York City.
Morris Fire & Inland, Of New York City.

DEXTER HOUSE,
E. W. HASEY & SON, - - Proprietors.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY invite the travelling community, who desire good fare and first rate accommodations, to give our house a call.

The Dexter House is favorably located in the center of business, the rooms are large, well furnished, well lighted, and comfortable.

The TABLE will be supplied with such substantials and delicacies as the best markets afford.

Our STABLE is one of the best in the city—commodious, accessible and warm; and is attended by experienced and faithful Hostlers. It has a constant supply of pure water, and excellent hay, grown from our own farm.

The vegetables for the table, together with butter, milk, &c., are mainly furnished from our garden and dairy.

Hay scales, for weighing hay, straw, &c., in front of the stable.

A coach always in readiness to take passengers to the cars and boats.

As we are the sole lessees and managers of the house for a term of years, we shall do our best to make a comfortable and agreeable home for all, both in the city and country, as well as those visiting Bangor from Boston and other localities out of the State.
dec 20—3m.*

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a
"First Class Hotel."
He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. H. HINKLEY, as Clerk. And by the experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*on any other man.*
GEO. PARKS, Proprietor.
Houlton, July 1, 1865. 3t6

National House.
HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,
A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the Travelling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.
A. T. CHICK.
Bangor, November 10, 1865.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
Harlow Street, Bangor, Maine.

This well and favorably known Hotel, having the past season been enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, has now all the appointments of a first class Hotel.

The subscribers, having leased the above House for a term of years, and having had several years experience in the business, flatter themselves, by strict and personal attention, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

In location, this house has no superior, being in a central position, and on one of the pleasantest streets in the city. In connection is a large and commodious Stable, in the care of attentive Ostlers, also a Livery Stable, which will always be supplied with first class teams.

Stages leave the house daily, for all parts of the country.
McLAUGHLIN & SON.
WM. D. McLAUGHLIN.
HENRY McLAUGHLIN.
Bangor, March 5, 1865.

DR. LAROOKAH'S
Sarsaparilla Compound,
For the Speedy and Permanent Cure of
Liver Complaints, Scrofula or King's Evil, Erysipelas, and all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Boils; Rheumatic and Neuralgic Pains in the Bones, Side and Head; for the various Weaknesses to which Females are liable; Dyspepsia, Debility, Exhaustion, Dropsy, and all diseases resulting from vice in an impure state of the Blood.

It is invaluable to Nervous Sufferers, and a positive cure for Palsy arising from the abuse of Mercury or Lead.

It is a Tonic as well as an Alterative, and a sure protection from attacks that originate in change of climate, season or life.

LIVER COMPLAINTS and their combined symptoms, such as Jumbago, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Bilious Eruptions, &c. When caused by Scrofula taint, this compound is a most effectual remedy.

DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, is often caused by Scrofula, which deranges the stomach, and renders it unhealthy. Indigestion is not always caused by Scrofula, when it is, this Sarsaparilla Compound is a ready cure.

NEURALGIA, HEADACHE and various disorders of the nervous system frequently arise from a low state of the constitutional health, and are much relieved and often cured by this powerful remedy.

ERYSIPELAS, Boils, Tumors, or Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Sores, &c. Moderate doses three times a day will usually effect the cure of the above complaints, but often requires considerable time.

Price one dollar per bottle. Six bottles for five dollars.

DR. LAROOKAH'S
ALL-CONQUERING
INDIAN VEGETABLE PULMONIC SYRUP!
A Sovereign Remedy for Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat & Lungs.
Unsurpassed by any Medical Discovery in the World. Dr. E. B. KNIGHTS, Proprietor.
Melrose, Mass.
Price 50 Cents and $1.00 per Bottle.

DR. KNIGHTS'
Oriental Hair Restorer.

After a long series of experiments, this article, as it is now offered to the public, is believed to be the most perfect of its kind which science has ever devised. No pains have been spared to produce what has so long been demanded by thousands, who, from sickness or other causes, have become prematurely grey; and others, who, in the cares and yellow leaf of life, would retain, as far as possible, the semblance of youth. DR. KNIGHTS' ORIENTAL HAIR RESTORER, after a few applications, *restores grey or faded hair to its original color*, and is the only preparation of the kind upon which the public can place any reliance. *It never has been known to fail in a single instance*, and is totally unlike the thousand and one so-called Hair Restorers, by which so many have been egregiously deceived.

It is delightfully perfumed, gives the hair a rich and glossy appearance, promotes its luxuriant growth, and will not soil the skin, scalp, or any article of apparel.

PRICE 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Prepared by
E. B. KNIGHTS, Chemist, Melrose, Mass.
Sold by B. F. Bradbury, General Agent, Bangor, and by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.
sept. 13—3taw&wly

Geofray's Hair Renovater,
WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!
Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!
Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!
Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is WARRANTED!

ITS SALE in the Bangor market has increased, in less than one year, from *One Gross* to more than *Three Thousand Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle, and prove for yourself the fact that it is the *BEST ARTICLE* ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

REMEMBER, that it is put up in pint bottles, and is WARRANTED.

W. L. Alden & Co., B. F. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Mann & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor—and sold by Druggists every where.
Rockland, Oct. 21, 1865 d&w
W. D. GIOFRAY.

Picture Frame Maker,
and Burnish Gilder.

WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call; and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying tha my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

Old Frames Re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames in every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.

Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side, at
WM. TODD'S
July 25, 1864—tf Gilding Establishment.

HERMAN—an interesting work—for sale by
jan16 E. F. DUREN.

Fine Japan Tea,

I HAVE received a few chests of the FINEST JAPAN TEA ever brought to this country. At retail $1.40 per lb.
E. B. PATTEN,
jan 4—2w 44 W. M. Square.

Hair Restorer!

5 GROSS Clock's Hair Restorer. Also, Hall's, Tibbetts', Godfray's, French's, Wood's, Heinstreet's, Perry's, and others, at wholesale and retail by
E. F. BRADBURY
dec 28

Tamarinds! Tamarinds!
IN KEGS and BBLS., by
BRADBURY
jan 16

New England Screw Steamship Co
SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships *Chesapeake*, Capt. W. W. Sherwood, and *Franconia*, Capt. H. Sherwood, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M., and Pier 38 East River New York, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage in State Room, $6. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Hallowell and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to
EMERY & FOX,
Brown's Wharf, Portland.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 36 West Street, New York.
Portland, June 1, 1865

Portland and Boston Line,
THE STEAMERS
Forest City, Lewiston and Montreal,

Will until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Atlantic Wharf, Portland, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, P. M.; and India Wharf, Boston, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 o'clock P. M.

Fare, in cabin, $2.00
Freight taken as usual.

The Company are not responsible for baggage to any amount exceeding $50 in value, and that personal, unless notice is given and paid for at the rate of one passenger for every $500 additional value.
Feb. 18, 1865.
jan24 1y
L. HILLINGS, Agent.

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 7 ¾ P. M., and from 8½ to 9 P. M.

Western mail closes at 6 A. M.; North Carmel via Hermon at 2 P. M., all other closes at 9 P. M.

The time of the arrivals and departures is the contract time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Kenduskeag, Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrival.		Departure.	
Western, (arrives at depot)	7.32	P. M.	7.00	A. M.
Augusta,	9	A. M.	5	A. M.
Calais and St. John,	6	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Belfast,	9	P. M.	6	A. M.
Ellsworth, Machias, &c.,	6	P. M.	9.30	P. M.
Houlton,	7	P. M.	9	A. M.
Castine and Backsport,	5	P. M.	9	A. M.
Upper Stillwater,	7	P. M.	9	A. M.
Dexter, via Kenduskeag,	5	P. M.	8	A. M.
Brownville, via Bradford,	6	P. M.	7	A. M.
Greenville, via Monson,	9	P. M.	5	A. M.
North Carmel, via Hermon,	12	M.	3	P. M.

RATES OF POSTAGE.
ON LETTERS.

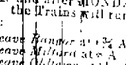
Throughout the United States, 3 cents per half ounce or fraction of a half ounce.
To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.
To same, over 2,500 miles, 15 cents per half ounce.
ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.
Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—FREE.
Weekly papers, in the State, where published and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.
Weekly papers to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.
Daily papers for six papers per week) in the State, 30 cents per quarter.
Daily papers out of the State, 30 cents per quarter.
[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States.]
ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.
To any part of the United States—PREPAID.
One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 2 cents.
Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 4 cents.
do 8 do do 12 do 6 do
do 12 do do 16 do 8 do
Newspapers must be left open at the ends.
ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND.
If not weighing over 4 pounds.
To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 8 cents.
do 8 do do 12 do 12 do
do 12 do do 16 do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries.
To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.
To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents quarter ounce; 30 cents half ounce.
To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen mail (except Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.
do by Hamburg mail, (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.
To Bremen, by Bremen mail, 16 cts. half ounce.
To Hamburg, by Hamburg mail, 16 cts. half ounce.
To Frankfort and Wurtemburg, by Bremen mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce.
To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To Austria and its States, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do by French mail (except Provinces in Italy), 21 cents quarter oz.; 42 cents half ounce.
To Russia, by Prussian closed mail, 35 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cts half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
To Lombardy, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Parma and Modena, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
To Papal States, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.
To Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, if prepaid. 40 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To the two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail, half ounce—prepaid. 47 cts.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.
To Spain, by French mail, 21 cts. quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British Packet, 5 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 30 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To Portugal, by French mail, 21 cents quarter oz.; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British mail, via England, 33 cents half ounce.
To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail, 39 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 20 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.
To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.
To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 39 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.
To West India Islands, (not British,) except Cuba, Turk's Island, Carthagena, Honduras, San Juan (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela, and St. Thomas, 24 cents half ounce.
To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia and New Foundland, 10 cents half ounce, when distance is not over 3000 miles from line of crossing; and 15 cents half ounce if distance exceeds 3000 miles.
To Aspinwall and Panama, 10 cents half ounce, when distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.
To Bogota and Buenaventura, New Granada, 13 cents half ounce—prepaid.
To Ecuador, Bolivia and Chili, 34 cents half ounce.
To Peru, 25 cents half ounce—prepaid.
To West Indies, (British, (except Turk's Island), 10 cents half ounce, if distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents half ounce if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.
To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales and China by mail to San Francisco, thence by private ship 5 cents half ounce—prepaid.
The postage on letters to Southampton for Victoria, (New South Wales), Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia, West Australia, and New Zealand, has been increased to 45 cents per half ounce prepaid.

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD
"LOWER KENNEBEC ROUTE."

Kendall's Mills, Waterville, Augusta, &c.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
TRAINS leave Skowhegan for Portland and Boston at Kendall's Mills at [illegible]
Returning—the passengers will leave Boston at [illegible] on arrival of train from Portland, leaves Augusta at [illegible] Mills with train for Bangor.
Freight Trains leave Skowhegan for Portland at [illegible] M., Kendall's Mills at [illegible] M., for Portland through to Boston without change of freight, leaves *Returning*—Freight trains leave Portland at 2.30 P. M. and Kendall's Mills at [illegible]
CONNECTIONS.
Between Bangor, Oldtown, Milford, Old Town, Newport, Detroit, Pittsfield, Burnham and intermediate Stations, on the Maine Central Railroad, at Waterville to Augusta, Hallowell, Richmond, Bowdoinham, Topsham, Brunswick, Freeport, Gardiner, Yarmouth, Portland, Maine Central Railroad, are connected at [illegible] tions, and baggage must be checked through.
Through Fare from Bangor on the Maine Central Railroad, to Portland and Boston, by the Kennebec Railroad, will be [illegible] route as by the Maine Central Railroad.
Stages leave Bangor for Belfast, Dexter, Dover, Foxcroft and all other towns in that section.
This is the only route [illegible] guage at Portland. Passengers [illegible] ets going East will change [illegible] they arrive at the Portland [illegible] there allowed to dine at the [illegible] Eating-house. Superior [illegible] are run with the through trains.
Fare as low as by other routes.
W. H. [illegible]
nov 6

Maine Central Railroad
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.



ON and after MONDAY, the Trains will run as follows:

Leave Bangor at [illegible] A. M. and [illegible] P. M.
Leave Milford at [illegible] A. M. and [illegible] P. M.
Leave Oldtown at [illegible] A. M. and [illegible] P. M.
Bangor, Oct. 30, 1865

Notice to the Public

In the year [illegible] the undersigned commenced the Business in the city of Bangor, and engaged a large and constantly increasing share of the most desirable [illegible] My efforts to give entire satisfaction to my patrons, I am happy to say, have been fully appreciated by them, and used as an incentive to greater exertions, and to placing them [illegible] tated for many years to come. Other [illegible] newspaper advertisements, have existed in the minds of [illegible] tised *Medicines or Articles* [illegible] of friendship, and the [illegible] tion was overcome.

After [illegible] way, the public [illegible] all parts of the [illegible] out foreign countries [illegible] opposition. Every [illegible] unprincipled dealers [illegible] have been known—and [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] possible, free of expense. [illegible] and sizes for marking Boxes, Barrels, Bags, Robes, &c. He has constantly on hand all sizes of Alph